

The BES-III experiment

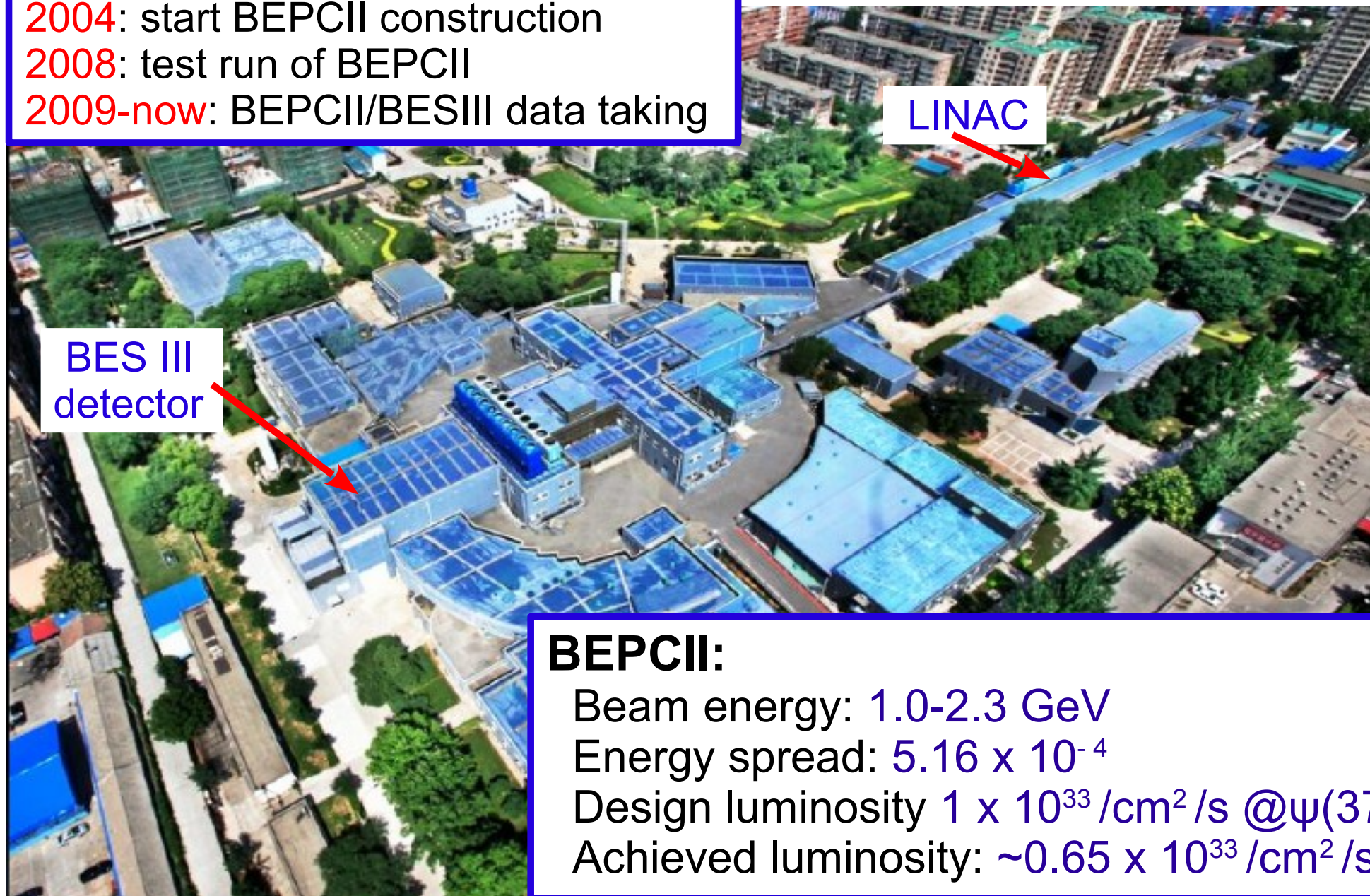
Nefedov Yuri
for the BES-III collaboration

JINR Dubna

Spin Physics (SPIN2012)
JINR, Dubna, Russia
September 17-22, 2012

BEPCII/BESIII at IHEP (Beijing)

2004: start BEPCII construction
2008: test run of BEPCII
2009-now: BEPCII/BESIII data taking



BEPCII:

Beam energy: 1.0-2.3 GeV

Energy spread: 5.16×10^{-4}

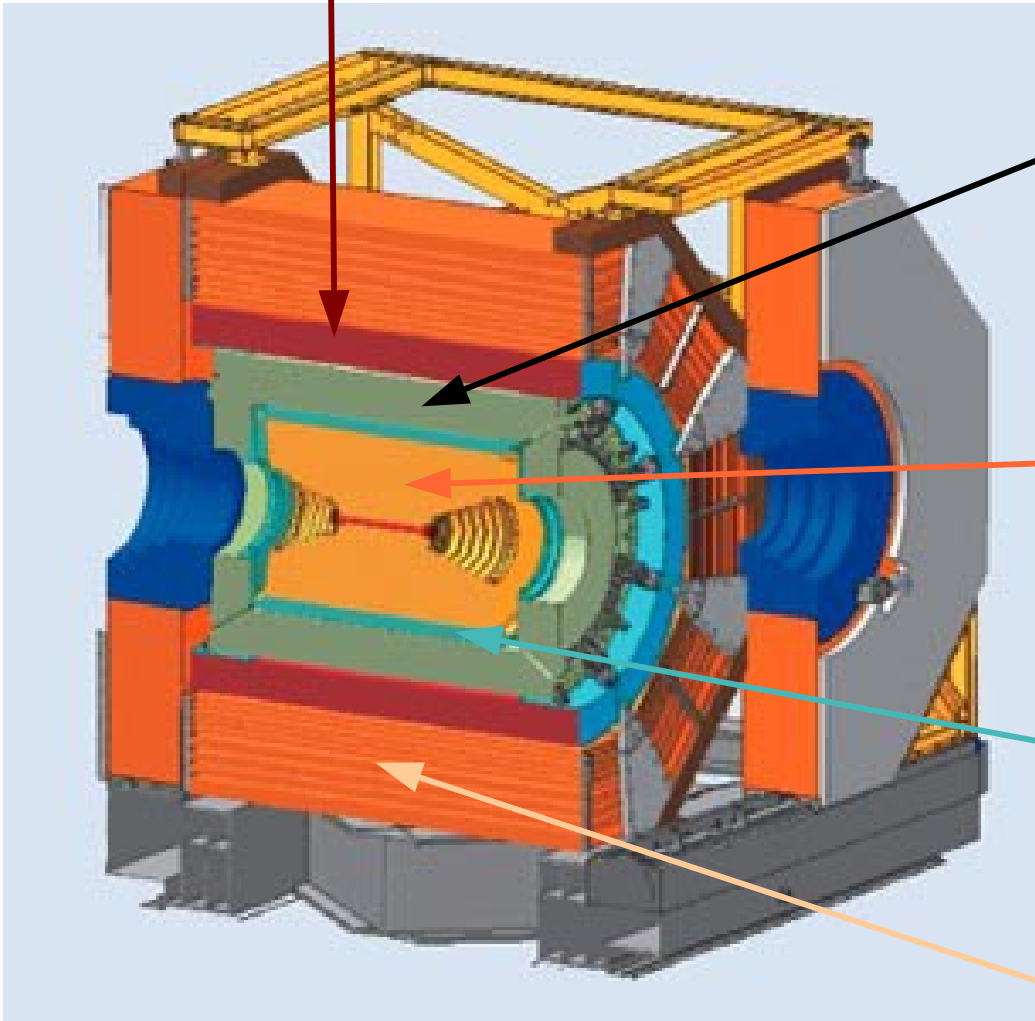
Design luminosity $1 \times 10^{33} / \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$ @ $\psi(3770)$

Achieved luminosity: $\sim 0.65 \times 10^{33} / \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$

The BES-III detector

NIM A614, 345(2010)

Super conducting magnet: 1 T



EMC: CsI cristal

- Energy resolution: **2.5% @1GeV**
- Spatial resolution: **6mm**

MDC:

- Spatial resolution: $\sigma_{xy} = 120\mu\text{m}$
- Momentum resolution: **0.5% @ 1GeV**
- **dE/dx** resolution: 6%

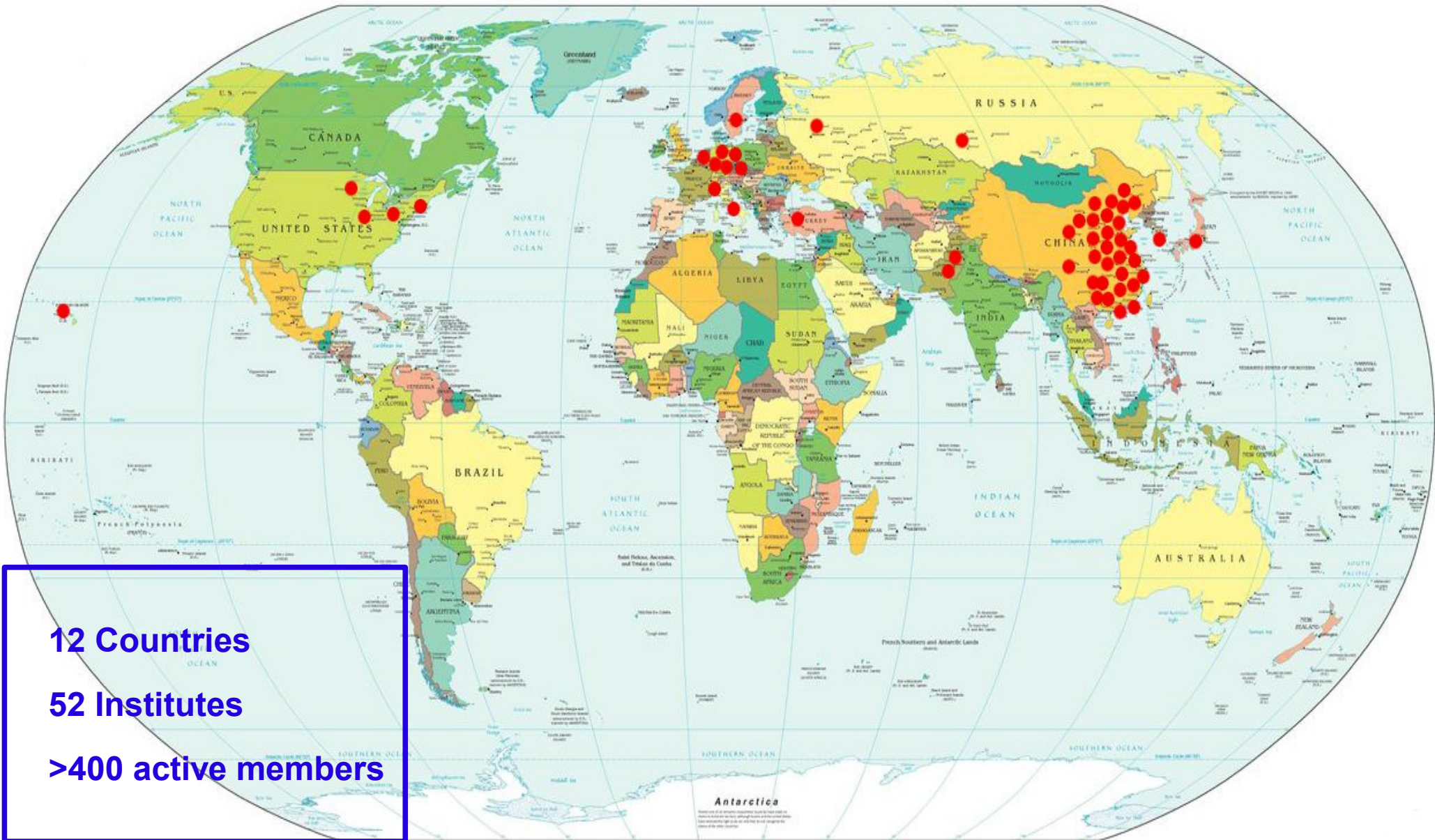
TOF:

- Time resolution: **100ps** (barrel)
110ps (endcaps)

Muon ID:

9 layers RPC, 8 for endcaps

The BES-III Collaboration



The BES-III timeline

July 19, 2008: first e⁺e⁻ collision event in BES-III

2009: 106M $\psi(2S)$ (4 times of CLEO-c)

225M J/ ψ (4 times of BES-II)

2010: $\sim 0.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ $\psi(3770)$ (3.5 times of CLEO-c)

2011: $\sim 2.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ $\psi(3770)$

$\sim 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ @ 4.01 GeV

2012: tau mass scan: $\sim 5.0 \text{ pb}^{-1}$;

$\psi(2S)$: 0.4 billion;

J/ ψ : 1 billion

Tentative future plans:

- 0.5 fb^{-1} @4260 MeV and 0.5 fb^{-1} @4360 MeV for “XYZ” studies
- 2.4 fb^{-1} @4170 MeV for Ds studies
- additional $\psi(3770)$ data

Light Hadrons Spectroscopy

(recent results)

- Spin-parity analysis of $p\bar{p}$ near threshold enhancement in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$, $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$
- $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma 3\pi$

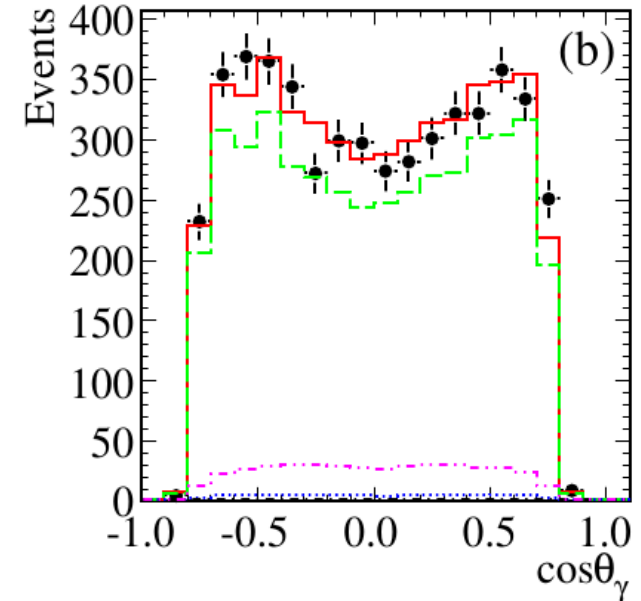
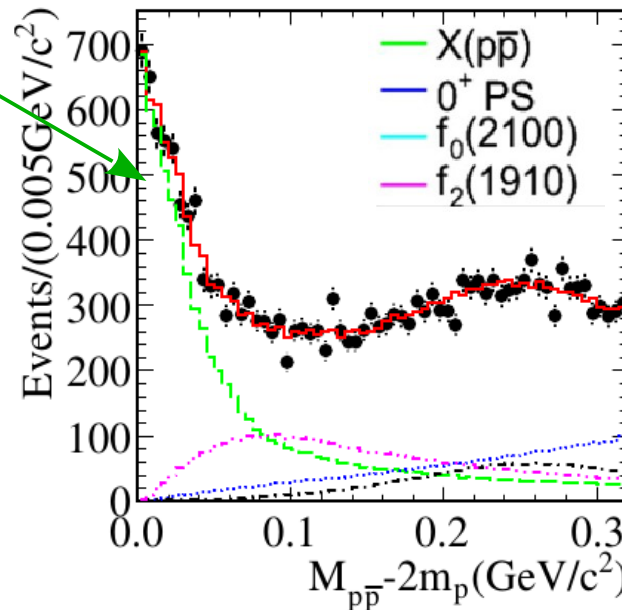
$p\bar{p}$ near threshold enhancement: $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$

Unclear nature: normal meson, $p\bar{p}$ bound state, multiquark, glueball,...

PWA fit features:

- Mass structure can be described by BW and FSI corrections (PRD 71, 054010 (2005))
- FSI corrections notably improve description
- Different FSI \rightarrow model systematic

PRL 108, 112003(2012)



Fit components: $X(p\bar{p})$, $f_2(1920)$, $f_0(2100)$, 0^{++} PHSP

Fit results:

$J^{PC} = 0^{+-}$ are preferable (by $> 6.8 \sigma$ better than other assignments)

$$M = 1832_{-5}^{+19} (stat)_{-17}^{+18} (syst) \pm 19 (model) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma < 76 \text{ MeV} @ 90\% \text{ C.L.}$$

$$Br(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma X) Br(X \rightarrow p\bar{p}) = 9.0_{-1.1}^{+0.4} (stat)_{-5.0}^{+1.5} (syst) \pm 2.3 (mod) \times 10^{-5}$$

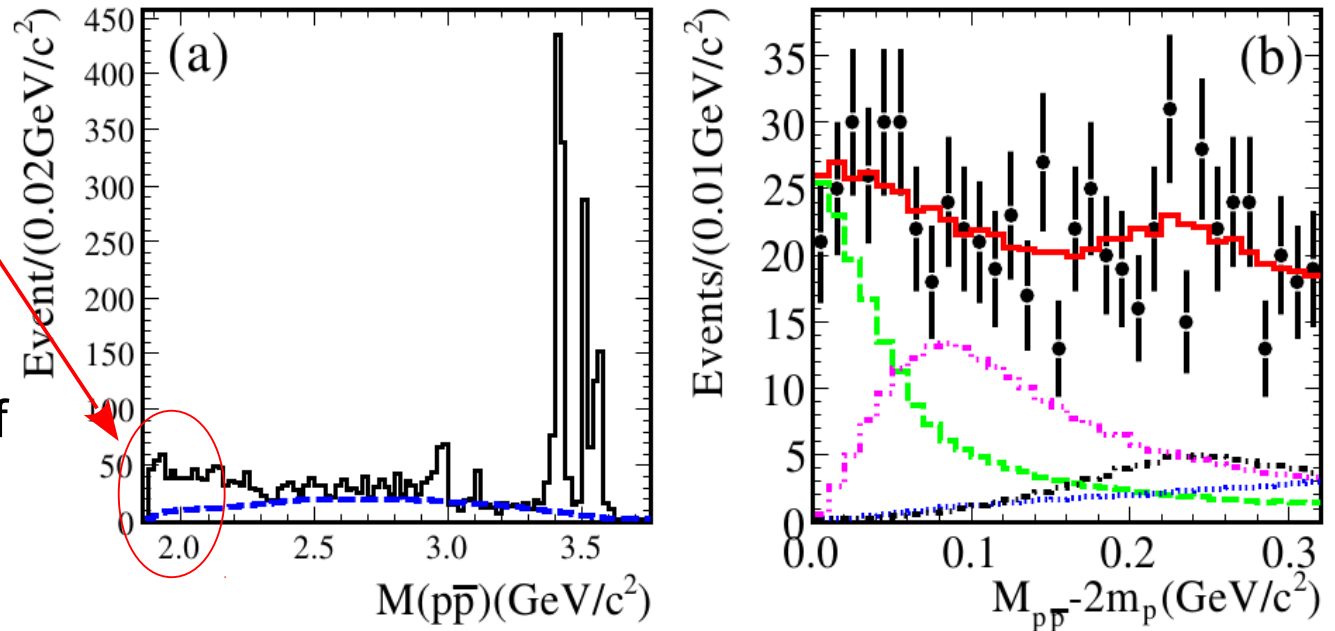
$p\bar{p}$ near threshold enhancement: $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$

PRL 108, 112003(2012)

Clearly the mass spectrum line shape is different

PWA Fit:

- mass and width and J^{PC} of $X(p\bar{p})$ are fixed to values obtained in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$ fit
- stat. significance $>6.9\sigma$



Fit components: $X(p\bar{p})$, $f_2(1920)$, $f_0(2100)$, 0^{++} PHSP

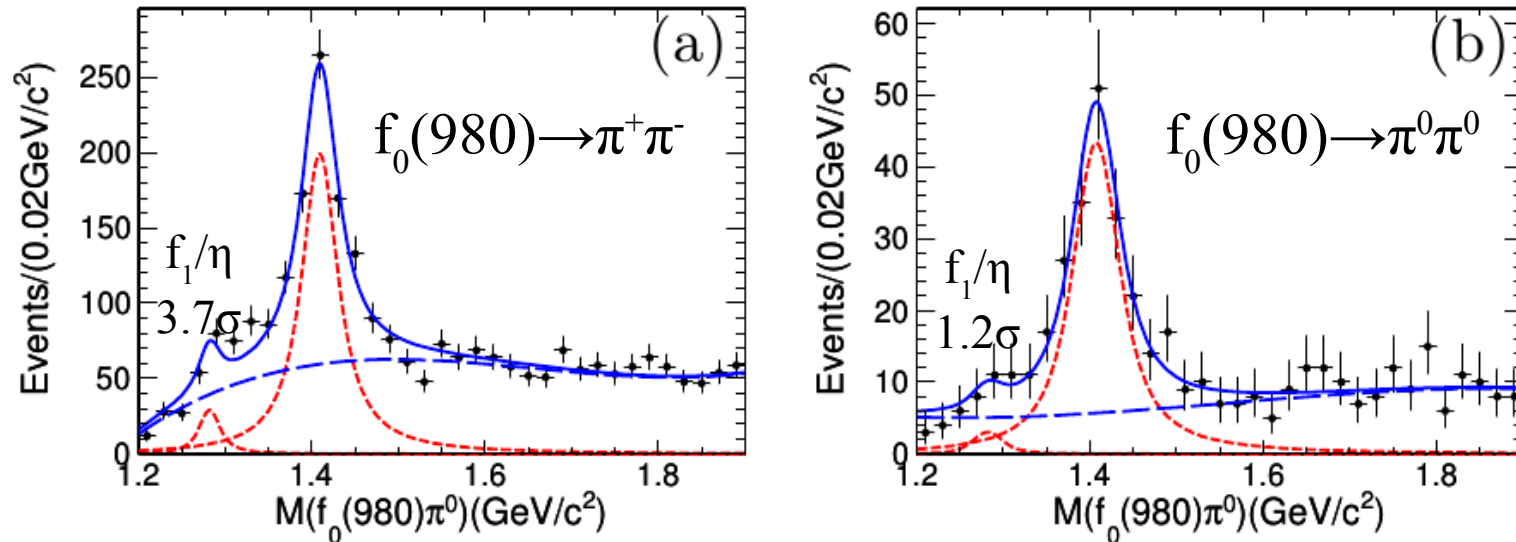
Production ratio:

$$R = \frac{Br(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X(p\bar{p}))}{Br(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma X(p\bar{p}))} = 5.08^{+0.71}_{-0.45} (stat)^{+0.67}_{-3.58} (syst) \pm 0.12 (mod) \%$$

$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0, \gamma 3\pi^0$

The first observation of $\eta(1405) \rightarrow \pi^0 f_0(980)$ (isospin breaking)

PRL 108, 182001 (2012)



- Helicity analysis favors $\eta(1405)$ over $f_1(1420)$
- Large isospin violating decay rate:

$$\frac{Br(\eta(1405) \rightarrow f_0(980)\pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)}{Br(\eta(1405) \rightarrow a_0(980)\pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\eta)} \approx (17.9 \pm 4.2)\%$$

PDG2010 + Phys.Lett. B358 (1995) 389

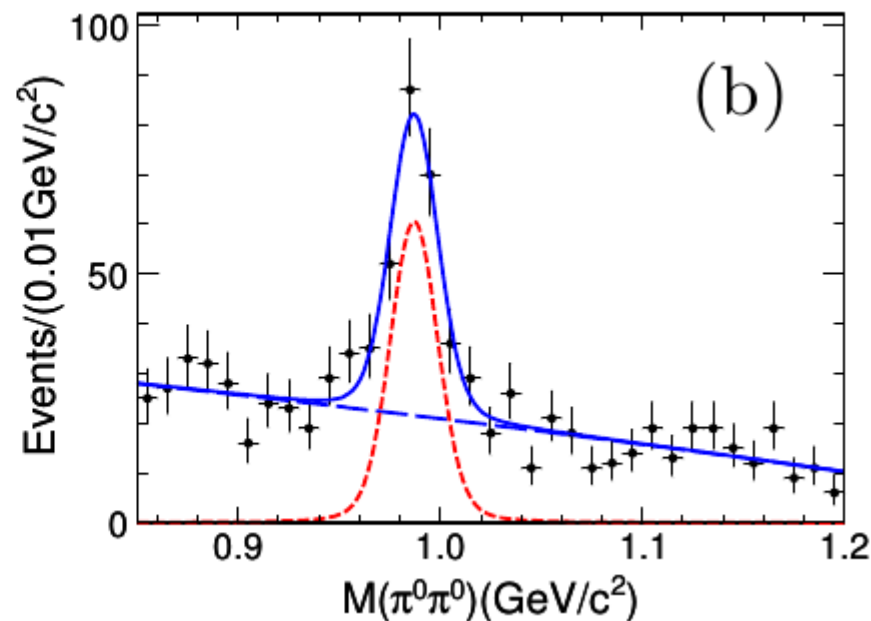
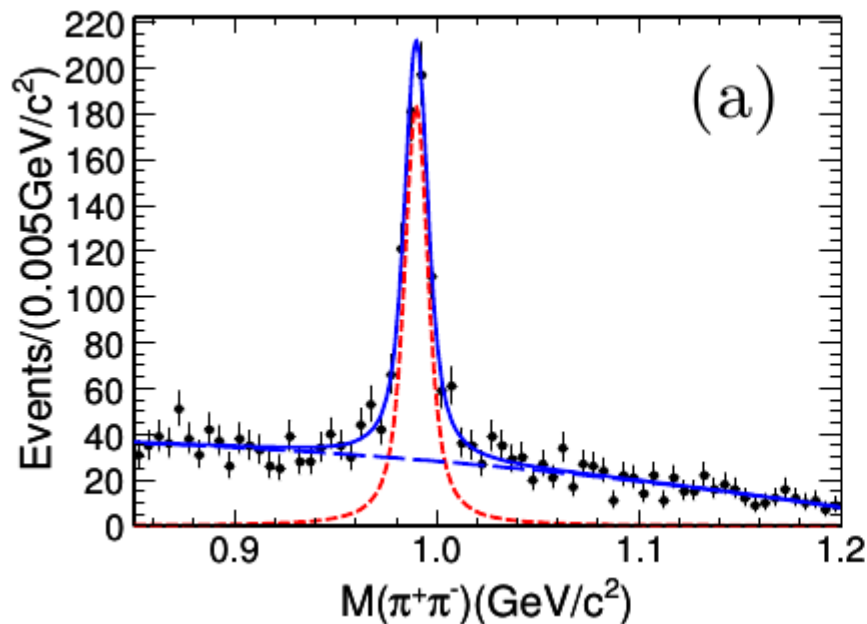
- Branching fraction for $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0, \eta' \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ measured with precision improved by factor of 4

The magnitude of isospin violation should be $\ll 1\%$
 \Rightarrow only $a_0(980)$ - $f_0(980)$ mixing can not explain this branching
 (see PRD 83(2100)032203).

$$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0, \gamma 3\pi^0$$

PRL 108, 182001 (2012)

Anomalous line shape of $f_0(980)$



Surprising result:

Very narrow width: $\Gamma < 11.8$ MeV @90% C.L.
(PDG gives: 40-100 MeV)

Possible explanations:

KK* loop, Triangle Singularity (PRL 108, 081803(2012))

Charmonium spectra and transitions

(recent results)

- η_c parameters precision measurement
- The first observation of M1 transition $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)$
- The first evidence for the direct $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma J/\psi$ transition
- The first observation of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$ at $\sqrt{s} = 4.009$ GeV

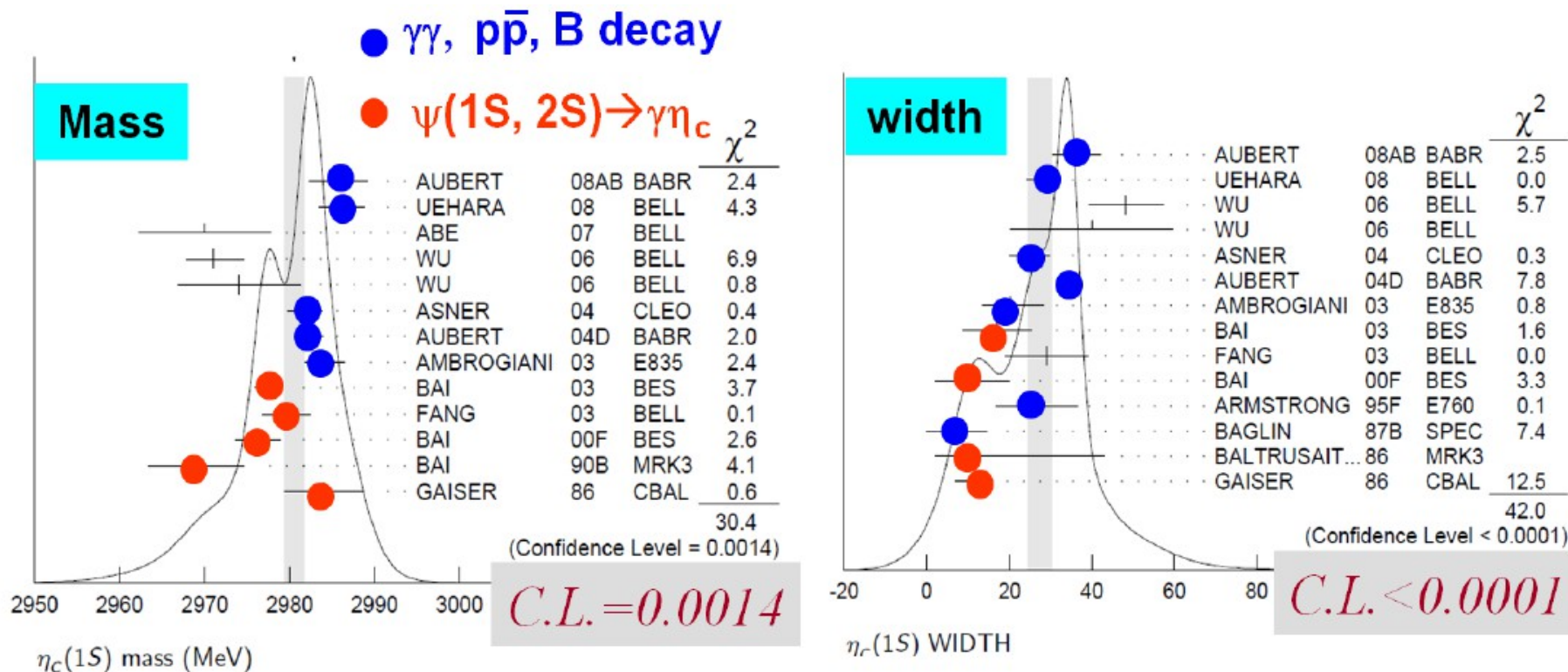
η_c resonance parameters from $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$

- Ground state of $c\bar{c}$ system, but mass and width are not well known:

J/ ψ , $\psi(2S)$ radiative transitions: $M(\eta_c) \sim 2978.0$ MeV, $\Gamma(\eta_c) \sim 10$ MeV

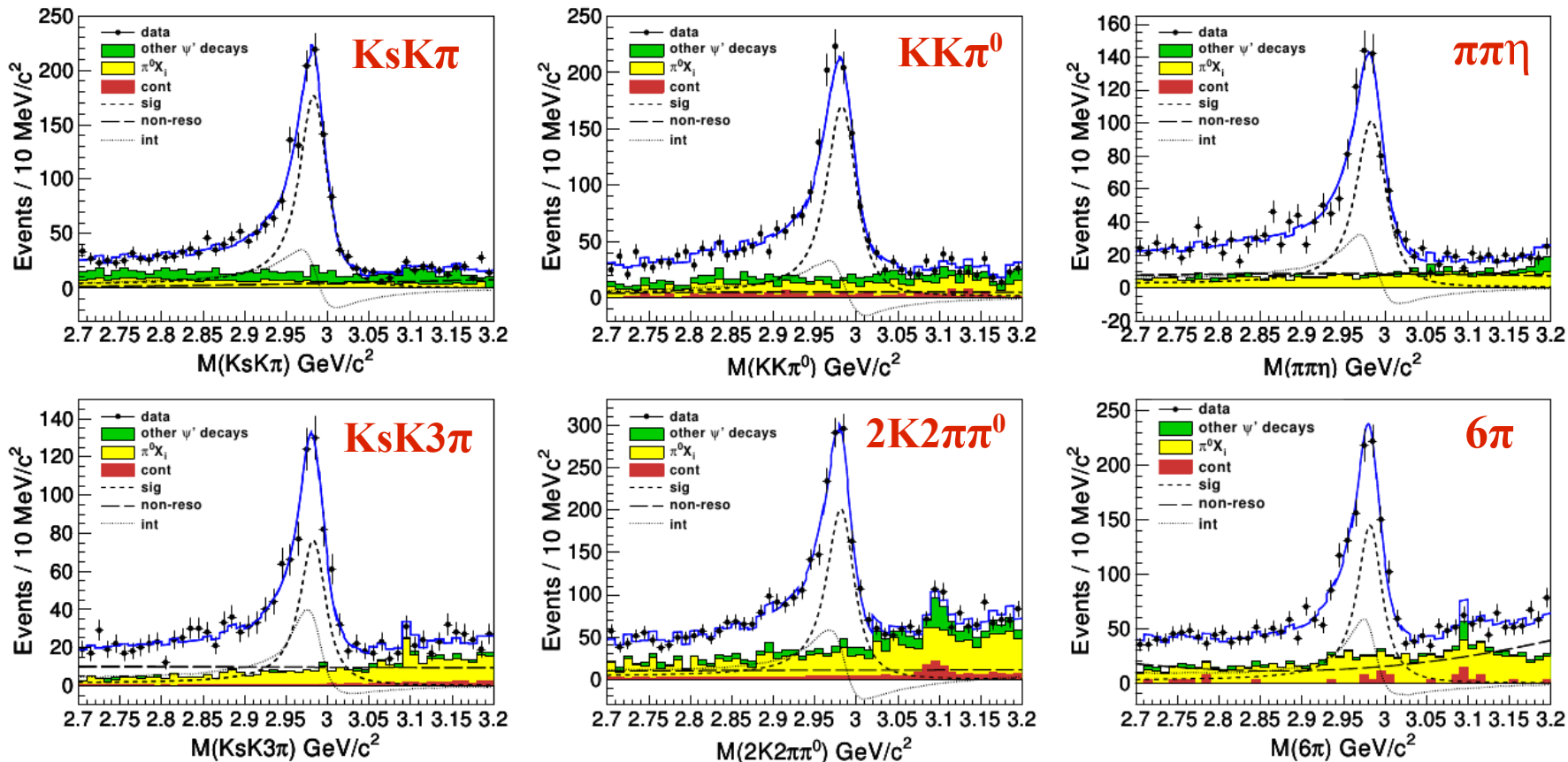
Two-photon process: $M(\eta_c) = 2983.1 \pm 1.0$ MeV, $\Gamma(\eta_c) = 31.3 \pm 1.9$ MeV

- CLEOc pointed out at the η_c line shape distortion in $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$



η_c resonance parameters from $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$

PRL 108, 222002 (2012)



Simultaneous fit of shown η_c decay modes.

- η_c line shape: **interference with non- η_c decays**
- phases for different modes are consistent within 3σ , a common phase is used

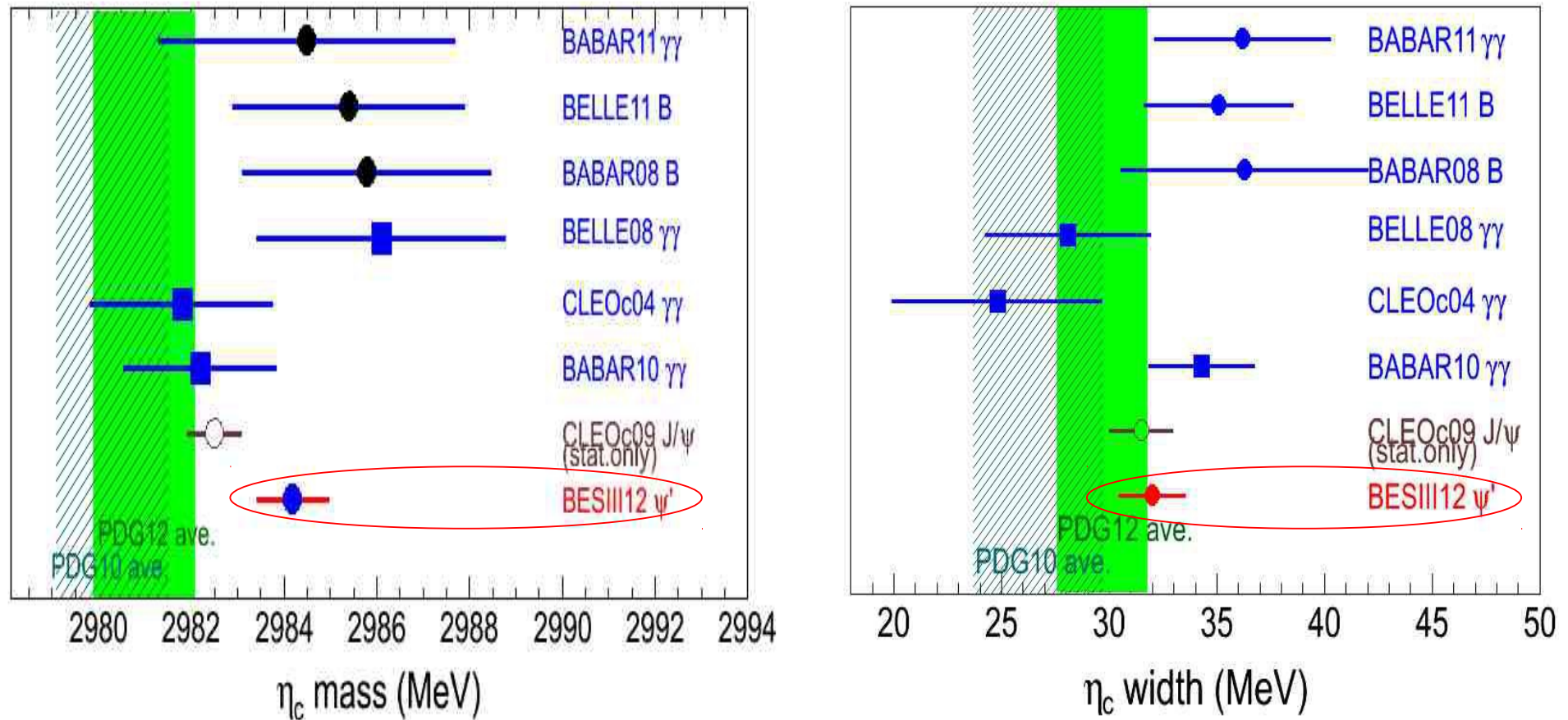
BES-III result:

$$M(\eta_c) = 2984.3 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma(\eta_c) = 32.0 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.0 \text{ MeV}$$

Currently the most precise measurements!

Comparison of the mass and width for η_c



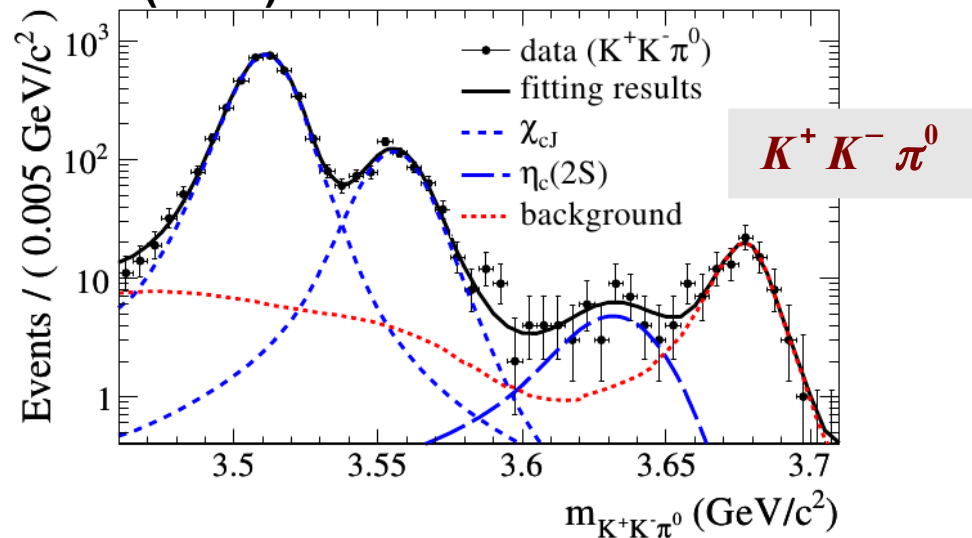
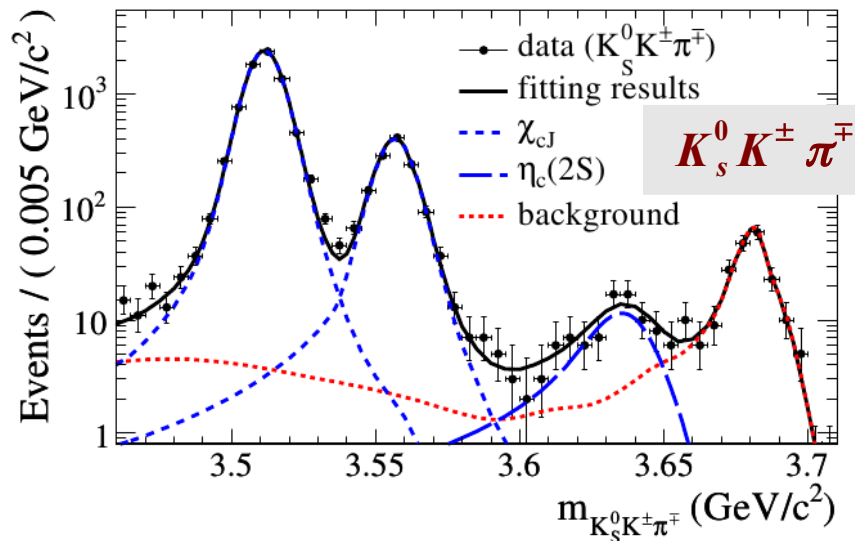
Hyperfine splitting: $\Delta M_{\text{hf}}(1S) = 112.5 \pm 0.8 \text{ MeV}$

- ✓ Consistent with B factory results in other production mechanisms
- ✓ Agree with lattice QCD calculations of the charmonium hyperfine splitting

The first observation of M1 transition $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)$

Never before observed in charmonium transitions

PRL 109, 042003 (2012)



Combined fit of two channels:

- significance $> 10\sigma$

$$M = 3637.6 \pm 2.9 (stat) \pm 1.6 (syst) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 16.9 \pm 6.4 (stat) \pm 4.8 (syst) \text{ MeV}$$

- combined branching ratios

$$Br(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) \times Br(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow KK\pi) = (1.30 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-5}$$

BaBar: PRD 78 012006(2008)

$$Br(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) = (6.8 \pm 1.1 \pm 4.5) \times 10^{-4}$$

signal line shape:

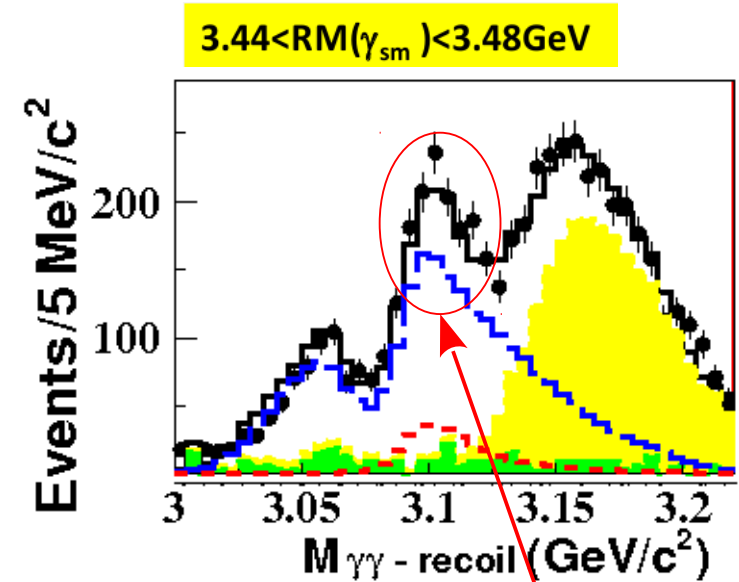
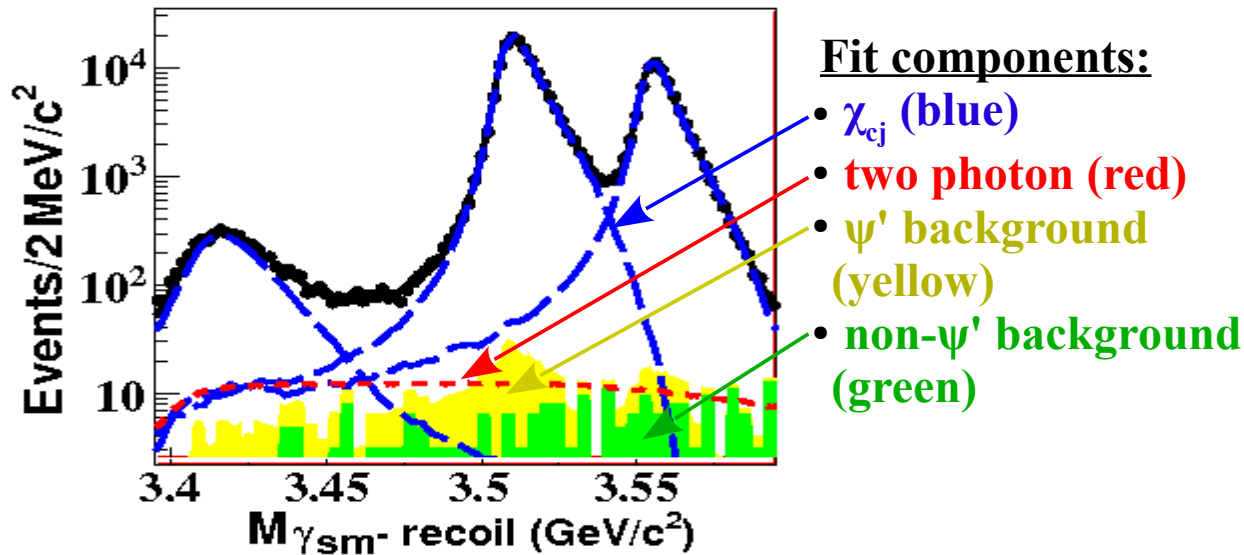
$$(E_\gamma^3 \times BW(m) \times f_d(E_\gamma) \times \epsilon(m)) \otimes G(\delta m, \sigma)$$

M1 transition dumping function

Evidence for the direct $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma J/\psi$ transition

Never before observed in charmonium transitions

arXiv: 1204.0246, accepted for publication in PRL



Select $\Psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma J/\Psi$, $J/\Psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$ and $\mu^+\mu^-$ events

Global fit: $Br = \left(3.1 \pm 0.6 (stat)_{-1.0}^{+0.8} (syst) \right) \times 10^{-4}$

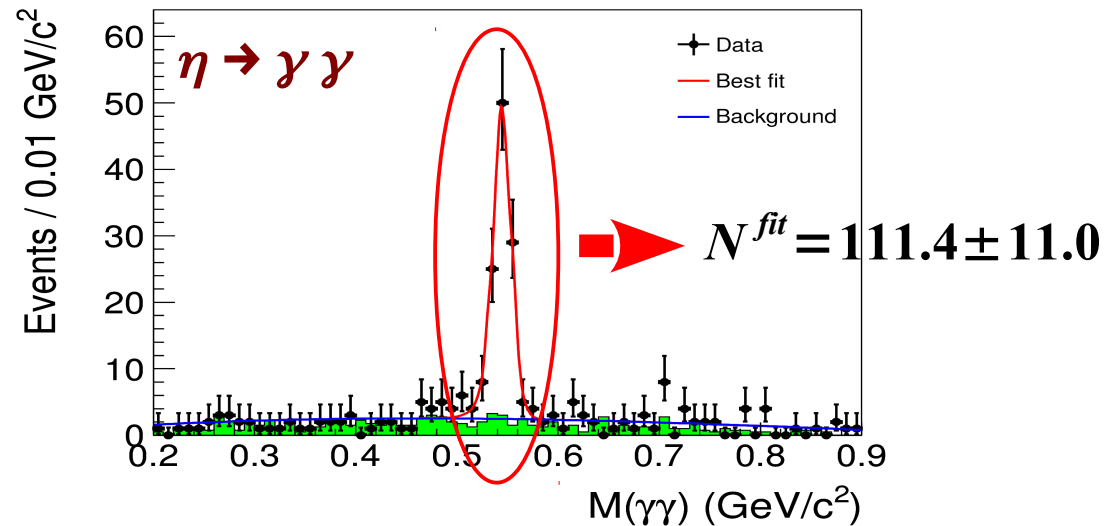
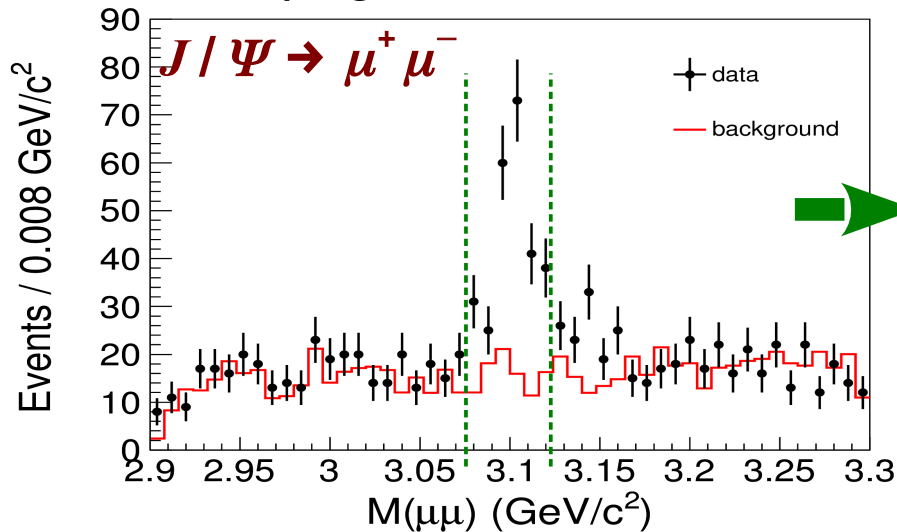
Significance: 3.8σ (including systematics)

$Br(\Psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{cJ}, \chi_{cJ} \rightarrow J/\Psi)$ are also measured

The first observation of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$ at $\sqrt{s}=4.009$ GeV

arXiv: 1208.1857, accepted by Phys.Rev.D

- Select $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$, $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ (and e^+e^-) and $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- Fit the η signal:



- Significance $> 10\sigma$
- Born cross-section: $\sigma^B(e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi) = 32.1 \pm 2.8 \pm 1.3$ pb
- Assuming the $\eta J/\psi$ signal is from a hadronic transition of $\psi(4040)$:
 $Br(\psi(4040) \rightarrow \eta J/\psi) = (5.2 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$

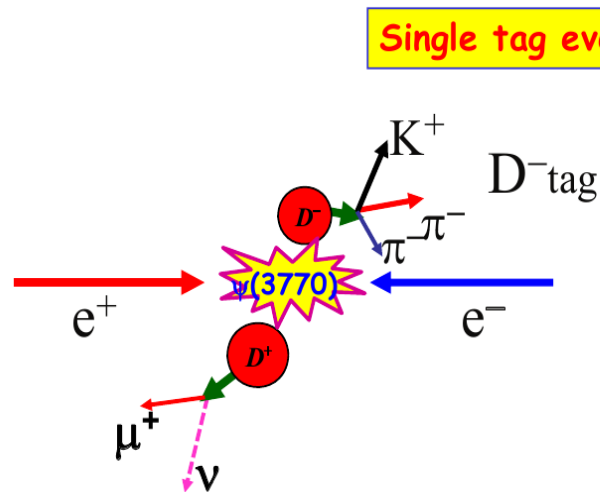
Charm physics

(BES-III preliminary)

- Leptonic D^+ decays
- Semileptonic D^0 decays

Advantage of open charm at threshold

- At $\psi(3770)$ charm production is $D^+ D^-$ or $D^0 \bar{D}^0$
- About 15% of D decays are fully reconstructed
- Hadronic tag of D on one side gives “beam” of second D on the other side for leptonic/semileptonic studies. Neutrino is reconstructed from missing energy and momentum.



$$\Delta E = E_D - E_{beam}$$
$$M_{BC} = \sqrt{E_{beam}^2 - P_D^2}$$

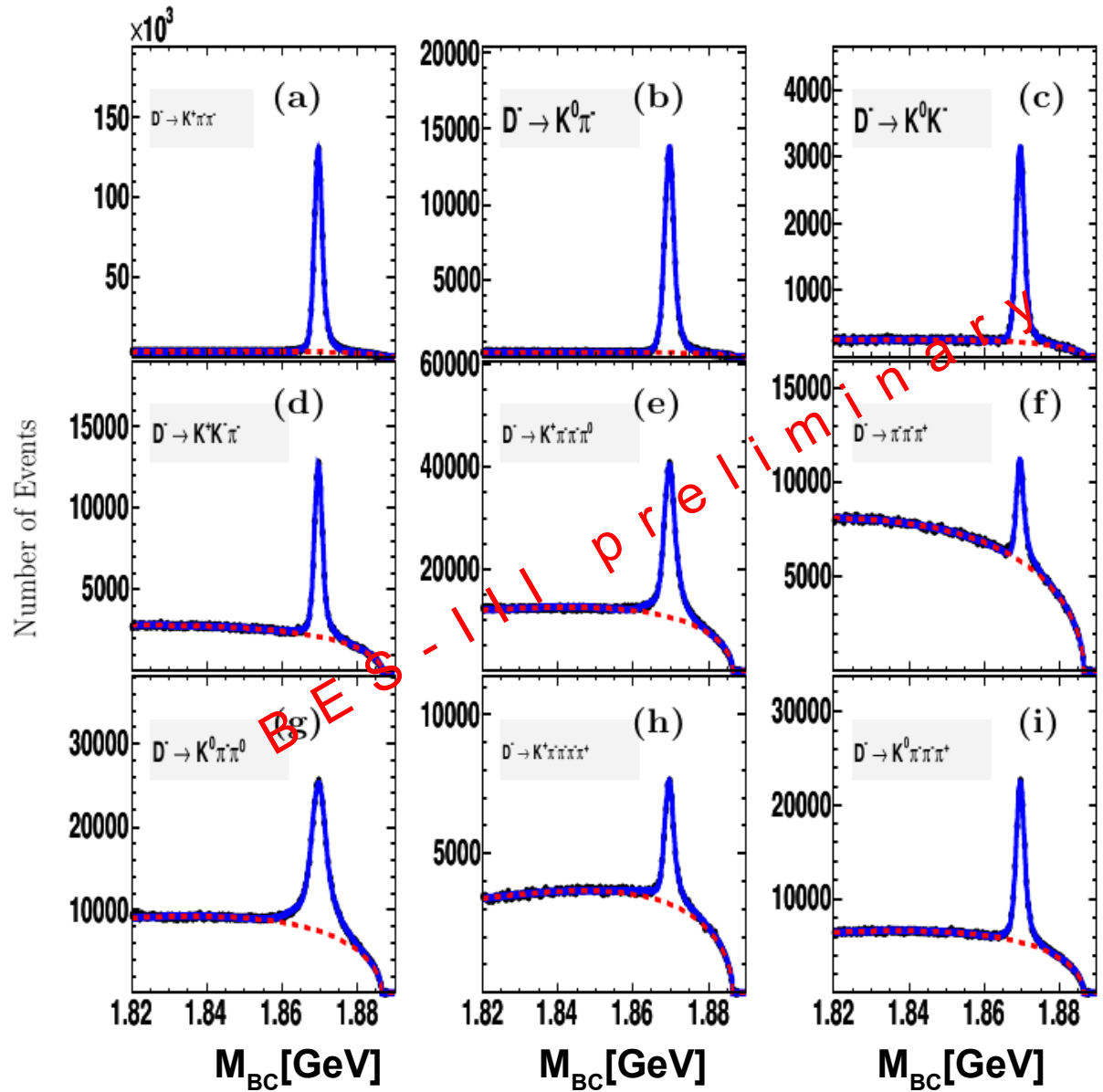
$D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ (BES-III preliminary)

Nine D^- tag modes:

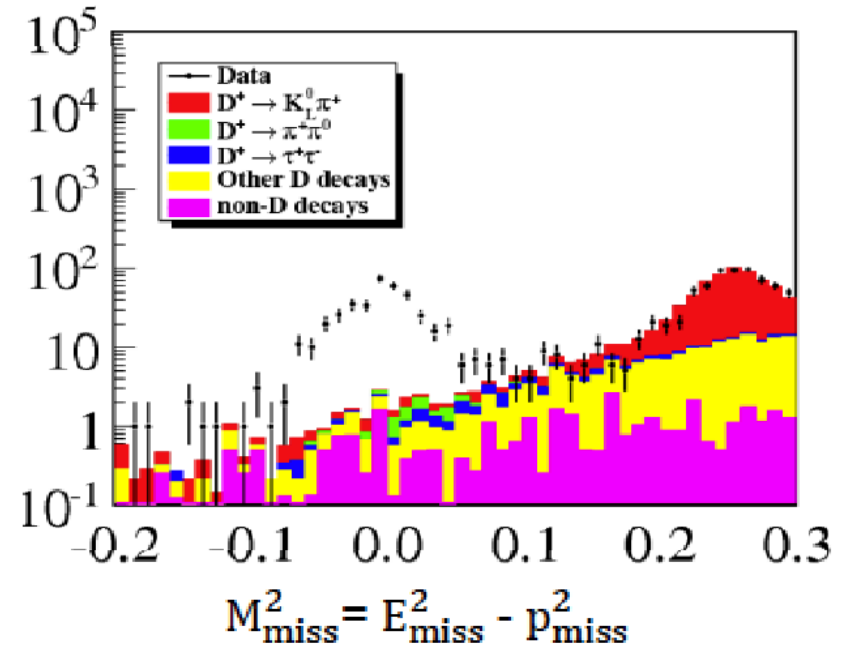
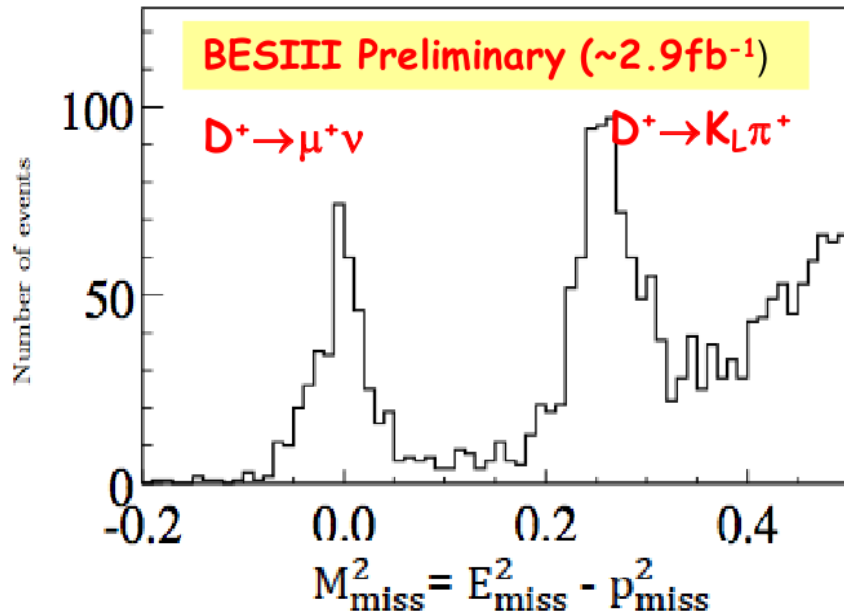
- a) $K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$
- b) $K^0 \pi^-$
- c) $K^0 K^-$
- d) $K^+ K^- \pi^-$
- e) $K^+ \pi^- \pi^- \pi^0$
- f) $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$
- g) $K^0 \pi^- \pi^0$
- h) $K^+ \pi^- \pi^- \pi^- \pi^+$
- i) $K^0 \pi^- \pi^- \pi^+$

$$N_{D^-}^{tag} = (1.566 \pm 0.002) \times 10^6$$

in 2.9 fb^{-1}



$D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ (BES-III preliminary)



BES-III preliminary:

$$N(D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu) = 377.3 \pm 20.6$$

$$Br(D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu) = (3.74 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-4}$$

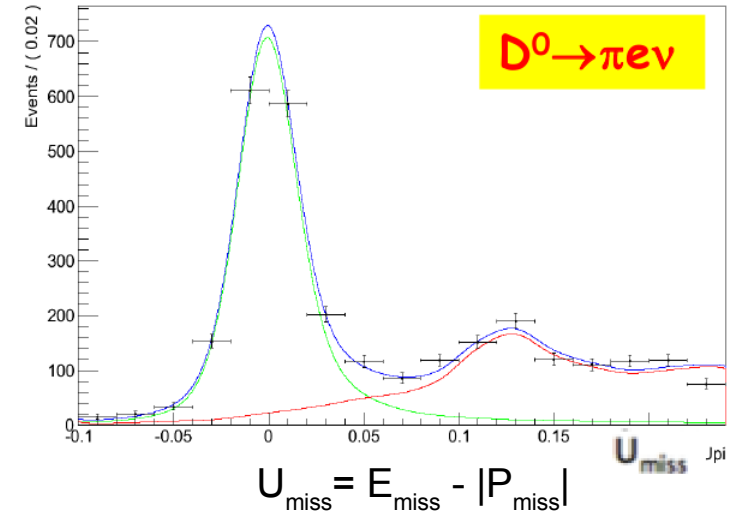
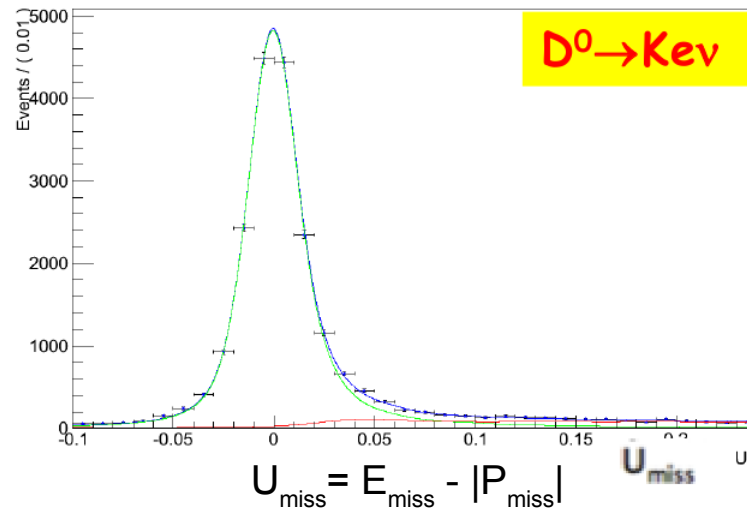
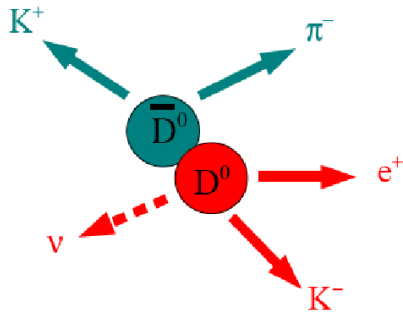
$$f_D = (203.9 \pm 5.7 \pm 2.0) \text{ MeV}$$

- Consistent with CLEO-c
- The error is still dominated by statistics

Semileptonic $\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+(\pi^+)e^-\bar{\nu}_e$

BES-III preliminary, 0.92 fb^{-1}

Four D^0 tag modes: $K^- \pi^+$, $K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$, $K^- \pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$, $K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$



Mode	Measured branching fraction (%)	PDG	CLEOc
$\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	$3.542 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.067$	3.55 ± 0.04	$3.50 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.04$
$\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	$0.288 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.005$	0.289 ± 0.008	$0.288 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.003$

- Systematic uncertainties are preliminary
- Statistics will be improved with the full data set of 2.9 fb^{-1}

Summary

- **BES-III successfully takes data since 2009. World largest data samples of J/ψ , $\psi(2S)$, $\psi(3770)$, $\psi(4040)$ are collected and are growing.**
- **Number of physical results are published, among recent:**
 - **PWA of $p\bar{p}$ near threshold enhancement in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$, $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$ (*PRL 108, 112003(2012)*)**
 - **The first observation of $\eta(1405)$ in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma 3\pi$ (*PRL 108, 182001 (2012)*)**
 - **η_c parameters precision measurement (*PRL 108, 222002 (2012)*)**
 - **The first observation of $\eta_c(2S)$ in charmonium transitions (*PRL 109, 042003 (2012)*)**
 - **First evidence for the direct $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma J/\psi$ transition (*arXiv: 1204.0246, accepted for publication in PRL*)**
 - **Observation of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$ at center-of-mass energy $\sqrt{s} = 4.009$ GeV (*arXiv: 1208.1857, accepted for publication in Phys.Rev.D*)**
- **Preliminary charm results are presented.**
- **Expect much more results from BES-III in coming years.**