

# Exotic and Charmonium(-like) states at BESIII

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# Outline

## ■ Introduction

### Hadrons, XYZ states

## ■ XYZ Physics at BESIII

### ■ BESIII data samples for XYZ study

### ■ The XYZ states

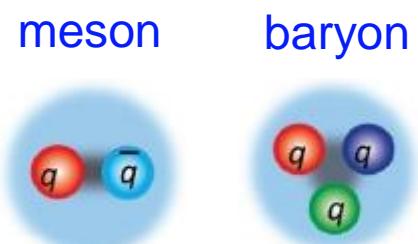
- I.     $X(3872)$ ,  $X(3823)$
- II.   Abundant structures above 4GeV
- III.    $Z_c(3900)/Z_c(3885)$ ,  $Z_c(4020)/Z_c(4025)$

## ■ Summary

# What's exotic states?

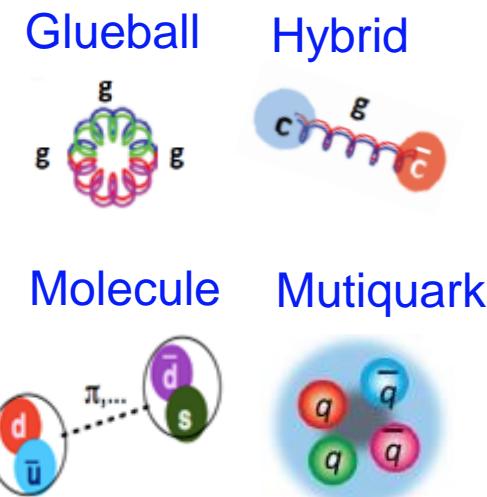
## ■ Quark Model

- 2 quarks( $q\bar{q}$ ) -- **meson**
- 3 quarks( $qqq$ ) -- **baryon**



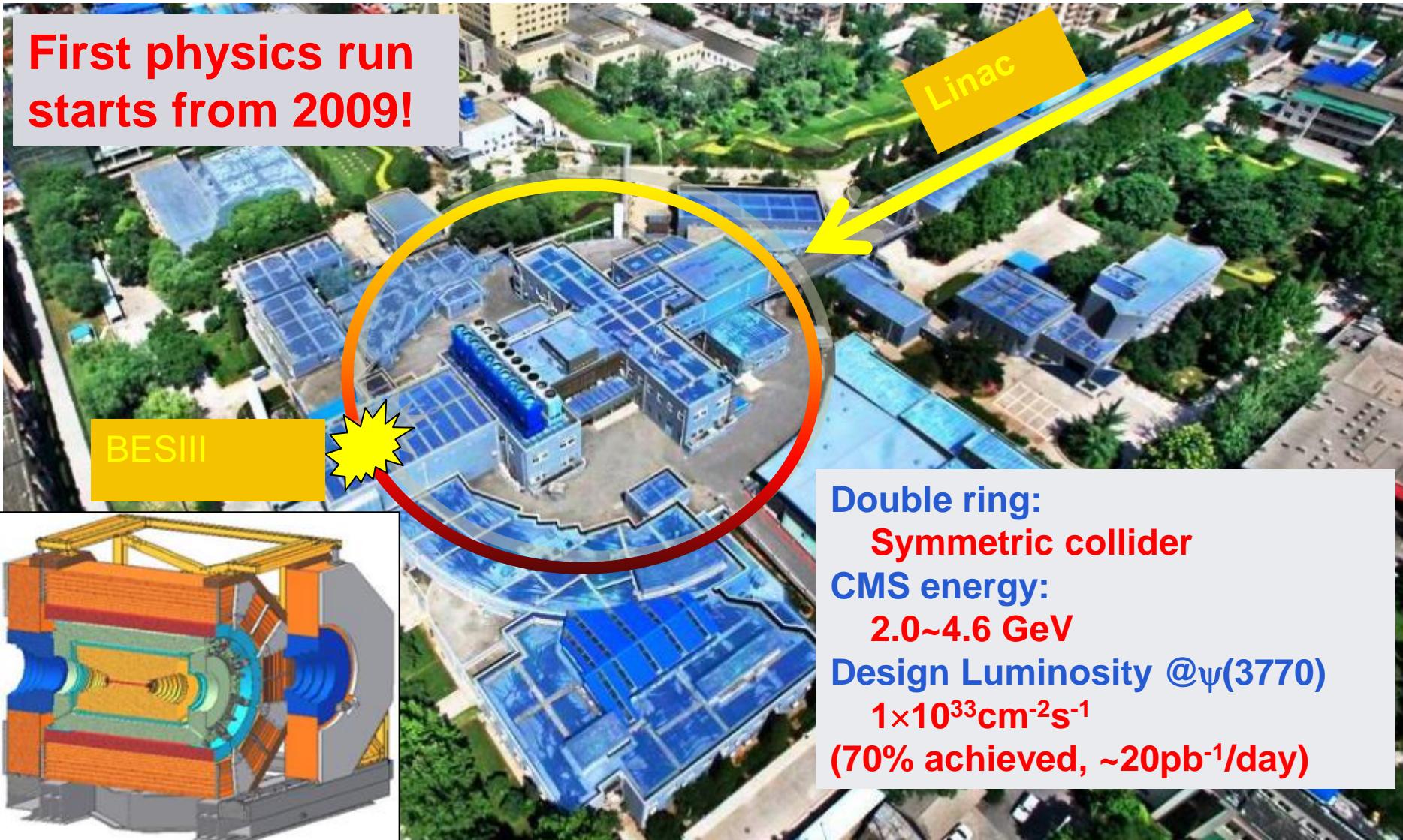
## ■ QCD predicts the exotic states

- **Glueball**:  $N_{\text{quarks}} = 0$  ( $gg$ ,  $ggg$ , ...)
- **Hybrid**:  $N_{\text{quarks}} \geq 2$  ( $q\bar{q}g$ ,  $qqqg$ , ...)
- **Molecule**: bound state of more than 2 hadrons
- **Mutiquark state**:  $N_{\text{quarks}} \geq 4$
- ...

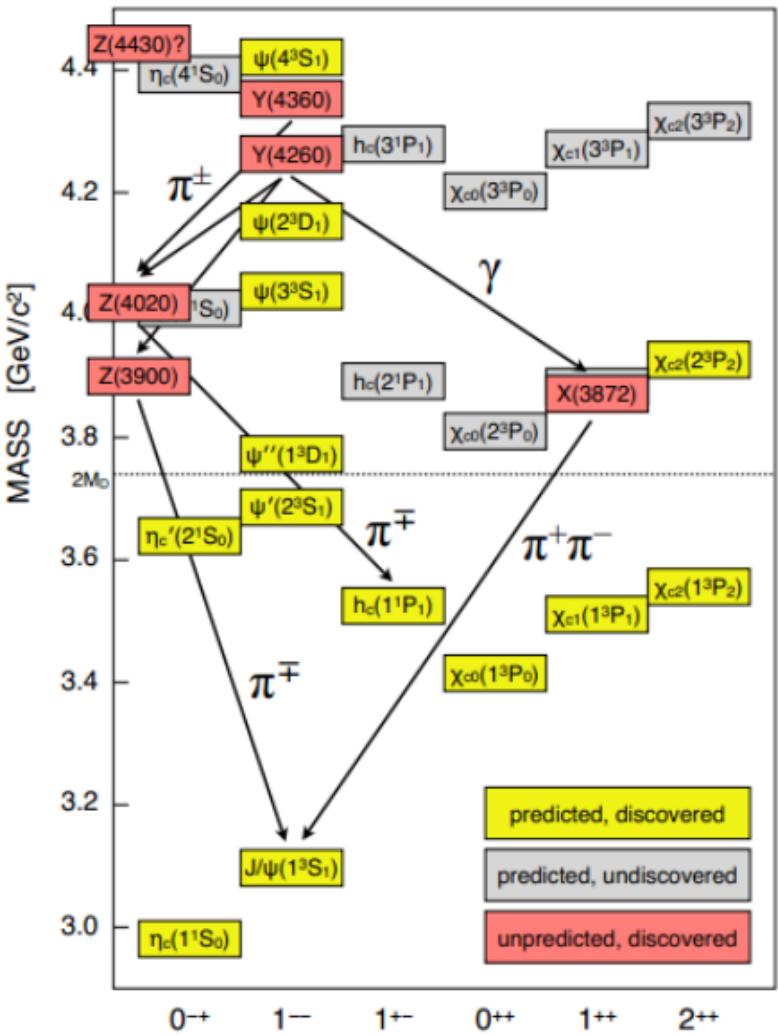


# BEPCII and BESIII

First physics run  
starts from 2009!



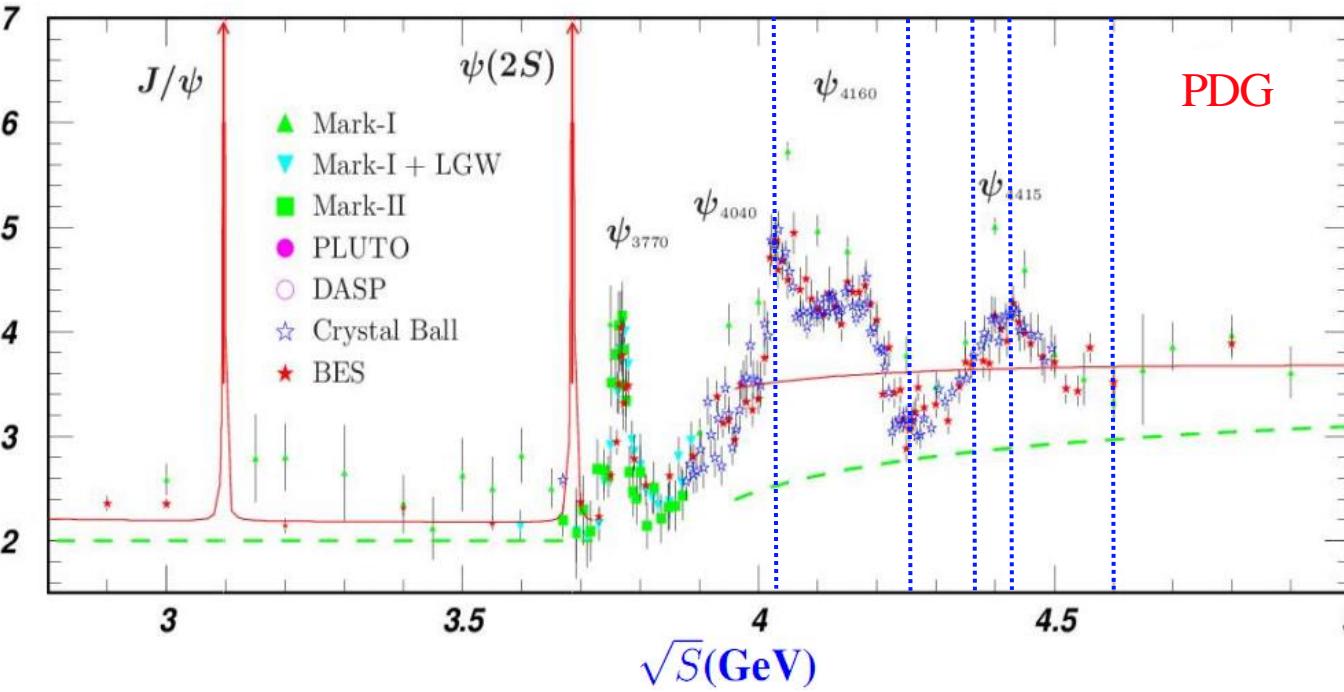
# Charmonium and XYZ states



- ◆ **Below open-charm threshold**
  - ✓ Good agreement between discovery and theoretical prediction
  
- ◆ **Above open-charm threshold**
  - ✓ many expected states not observed
  - ✓ Many unexpected observed: with charmonium in final states, but not conventional charmonium states (**charmonium-like or XYZ**)

# Data samples for XYZ physics at BESIII

**R**



PDG

CM energy (GeV)	$L(\text{pb}^{-1})$
3.81	$50.54 \pm 0.03$
3.90	$52.61 \pm 0.03$
4.009	$481.96 \pm 0.01$
4.09	$52.63 \pm 0.03$
4.19	$43.09 \pm 0.03$
4.21	$54.55 \pm 0.03$
4.22	$54.13 \pm 0.03$
4.23 <sup>1</sup>	$44.40 \pm 0.03$
4.23 <sup>2</sup>	$1047.34 \pm 0.14$
4.245	$55.59 \pm 0.04$
4.26 <sup>1</sup>	$523.74 \pm 0.10$
4.26 <sup>2</sup>	$301.93 \pm 0.08$
4.31	$44.90 \pm 0.03$
4.36	$539.84 \pm 0.10$
4.39	$55.18 \pm 0.04$
4.42 <sup>1</sup>	$44.67 \pm 0.03$
4.42 <sup>2</sup>	$1028.89 \pm 0.13$
4.47	$109.94 \pm 0.04$
4.53	$109.98 \pm 0.04$
4.575	$47.67 \pm 0.03$
4.60	$566.93 \pm 0.11$

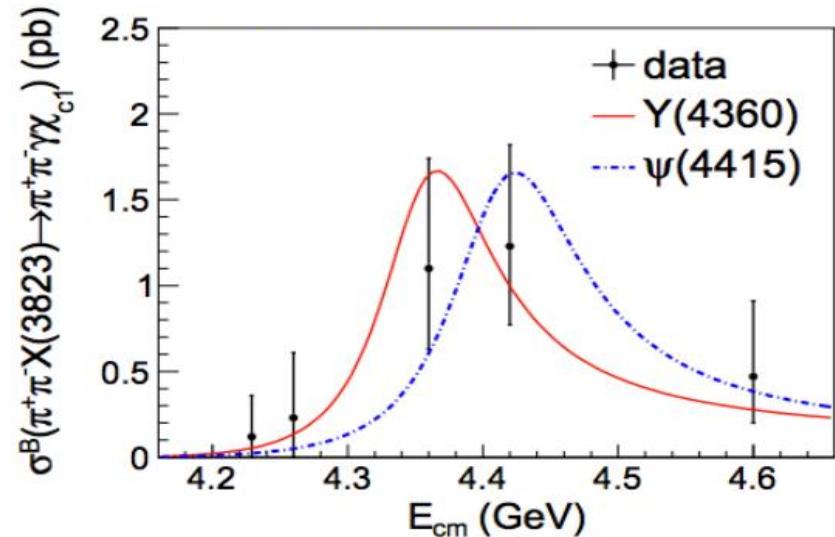
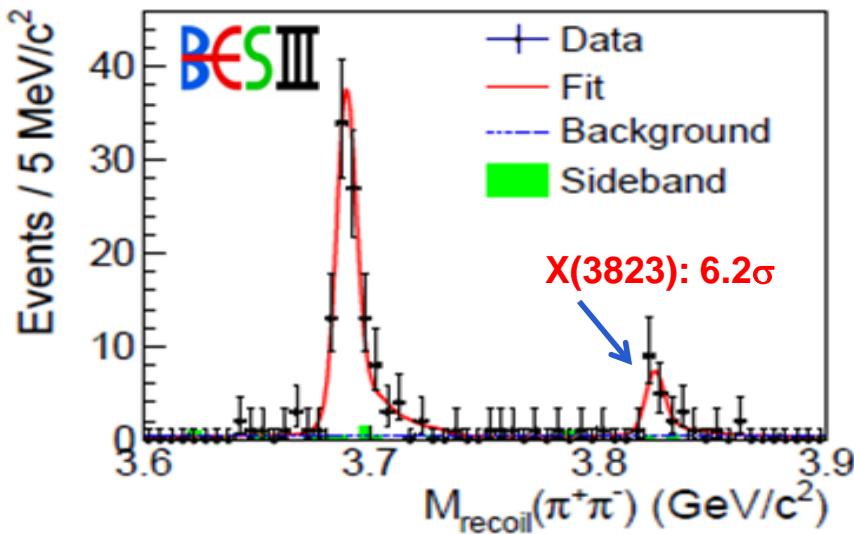
- ✓ Luminosity  $\sim 5/\text{fb}$ .
- ✓ Huge data samples around  $\psi(4040)$ ,  $\Upsilon(4260)$ ,  $\Upsilon(4360)$ ,  $\psi(4415)$  and  $\Upsilon(4660)$ .

# X(3823)/X(3872)

1. X(3823) in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- \gamma\chi_{c1}$
2. X(3872) in Y(4260)  $\rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X(3823) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- \gamma\chi_{c1}$$

[PRL115, 011803 \(2015\)](#)

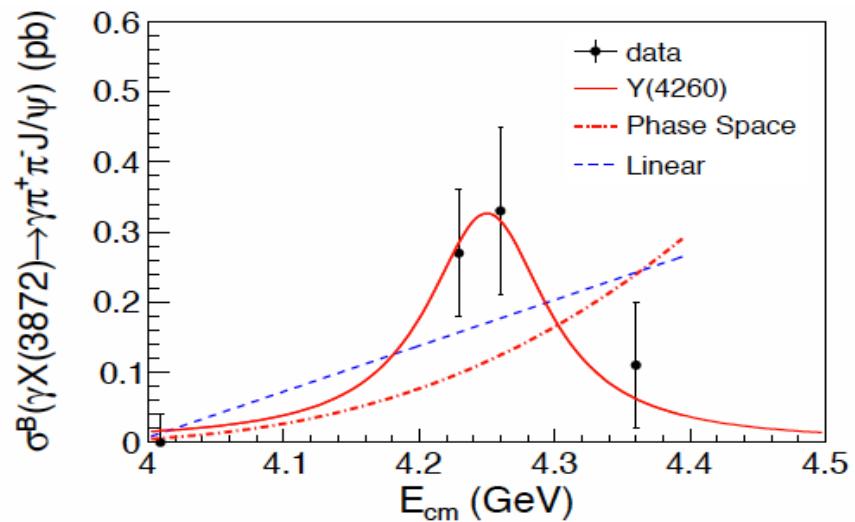
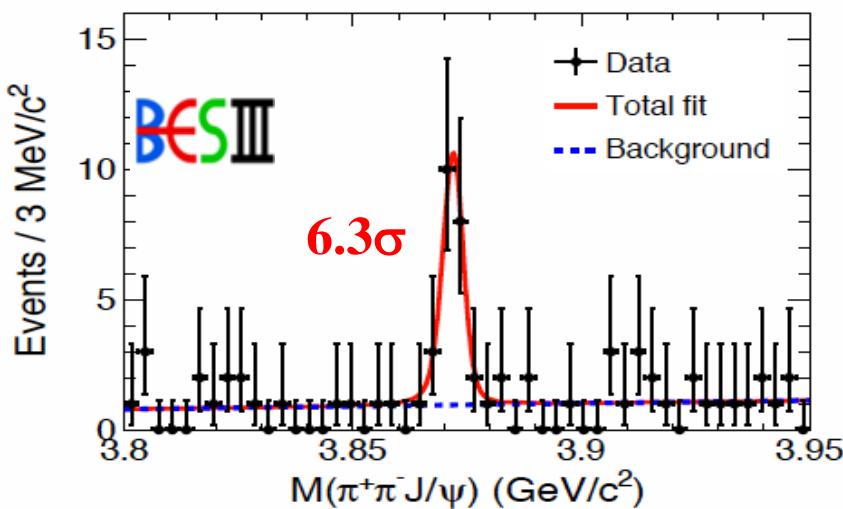


Agree with BELLE's 3.7s evidence ([PRL111, 032001\(2013\)](#))

- Potential model:  $1^3D_2 \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{c1}, \gamma\chi_{c2}$  with large width.
- $M = 3821.7 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.7 \text{ MeV}$ ,  $\Gamma < 16 \text{ MeV}$
- Good candidate of  $\psi(1^3D_2)$
- Both  $Y(4360)$  and  $\psi(4415)$  line shape give reasonable description.

# $\text{Y}(4260) \rightarrow \gamma \text{X}(3872) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \text{J}/\psi$

PRL 112, 092001 (2014)



- $M = 3871.9 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.2 \text{ MeV}$ ,  $\Gamma < 2.4 \text{ MeV}$
- a new  $\text{Y}(4260)$  decay mode and new  $\text{X}(3872)$  production mode:  $\text{Y}(4260) \rightarrow \gamma \text{X}(3872)$

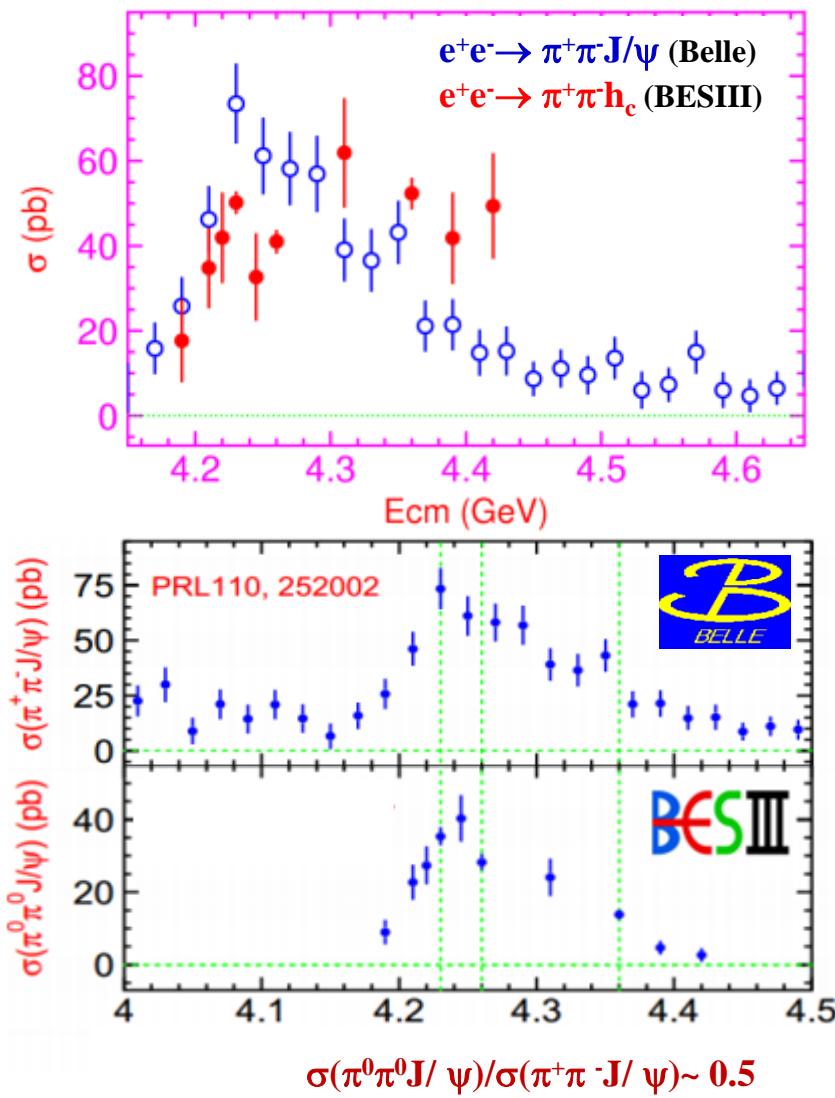
If we take  $\mathcal{B}(\text{X}(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \text{J}/\psi) \sim 5\%$ , ( $> 2.6\%$  in PDG)

$$\frac{\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \text{X}(3872))}{\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \text{J}/\psi)} \sim 11.2\% \quad \text{Large transition ratio !}$$

# Abundant structures above 4GeV

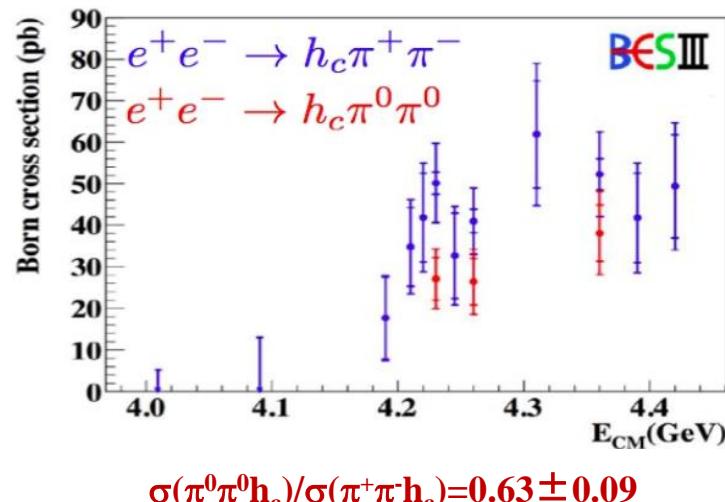
1. Cross section of  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi\pi J/\psi(h_c)$
2. Cross section of  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\chi_{c0}$
3. Cross section  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$
4. Cross section  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta' J/\psi$

# $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi\pi J/\psi(h_c)$



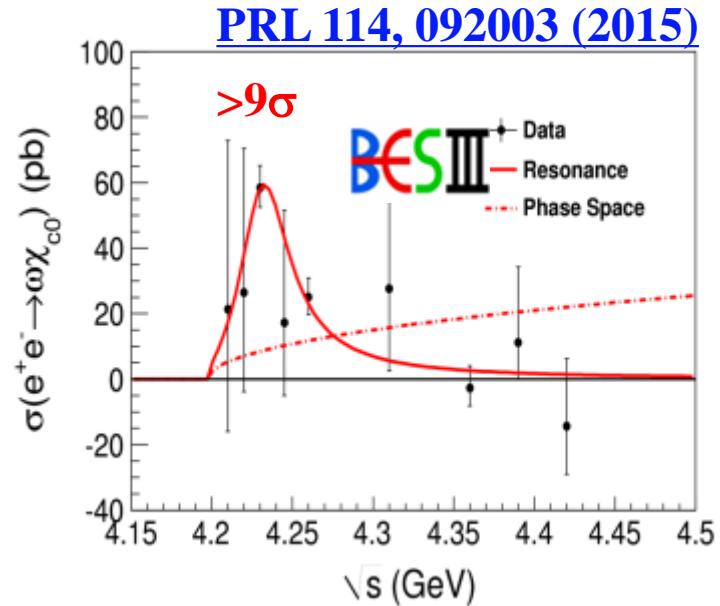
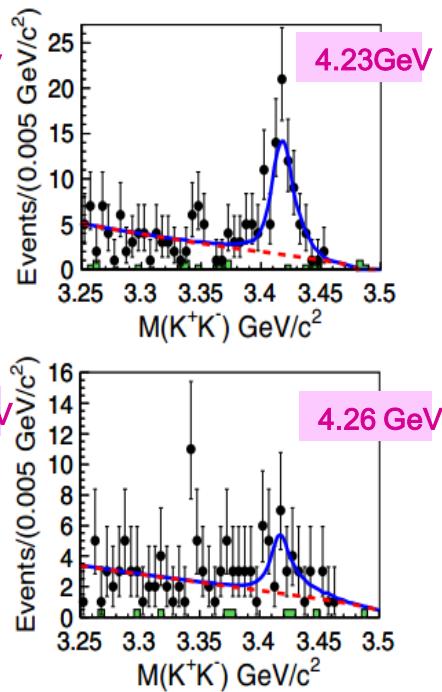
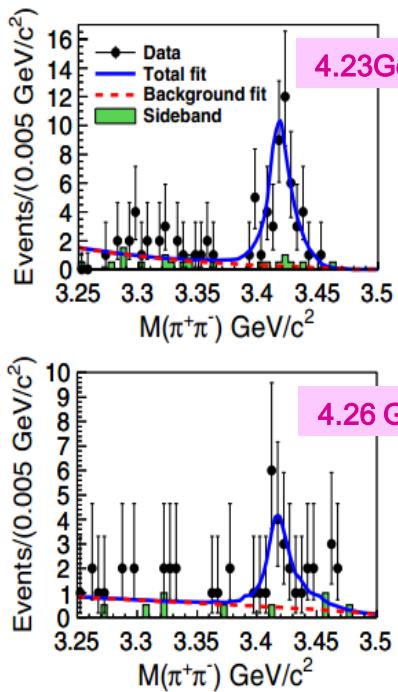
**BESIII** [arXiv: 1506.06018](#)  $\sigma(\pi^0\pi^0J/\psi)$   
[PRL 111, 242001 \(2013\)](#)  $\sigma(\pi^+\pi^-h_c)$   
[PRL 113, 212002 \(2014\)](#)  $\sigma(\pi^0\pi^0h_c)$

- ✓  $\sigma(\pi^+\pi^-h_c) \sim \sigma(\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi)$ , but different line shape
- ✓ A possible structure near 4.23 GeV for  $\sigma(\pi^+\pi^-h_c)$



no large iso-spin violation in  $\sigma(\pi\pi h_c)$  and  $\sigma(\pi\pi J/\psi)$  !

# Observation of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\chi_{c0}$

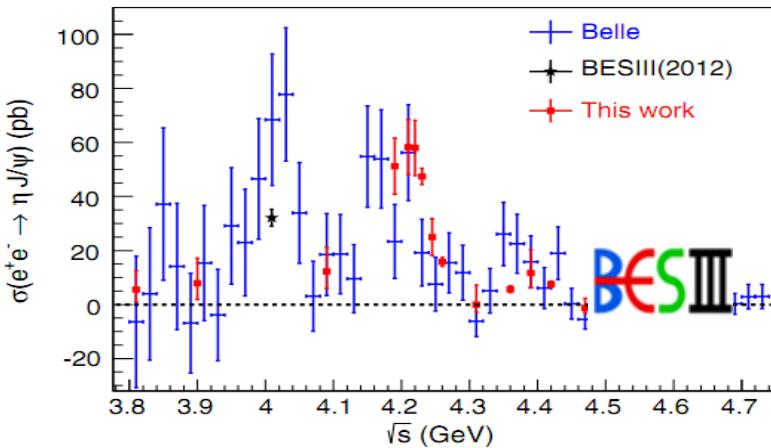


- ✓ Cross section peak near 4.23 GeV
- ✓ fit with BW
  - $M = 4230 \pm 8 \pm 6 \text{ MeV}$
  - $\Gamma = 38 \pm 12 \pm 2 \text{ MeV}$

Note for this structure:

- ✓ A tetraquark? (PRD 91,117501(2015))
- ✓  $\psi(4S)$ ? (EPJC 74:3208 (2014))
- ✓ Threshold effect?
- ✓ ...

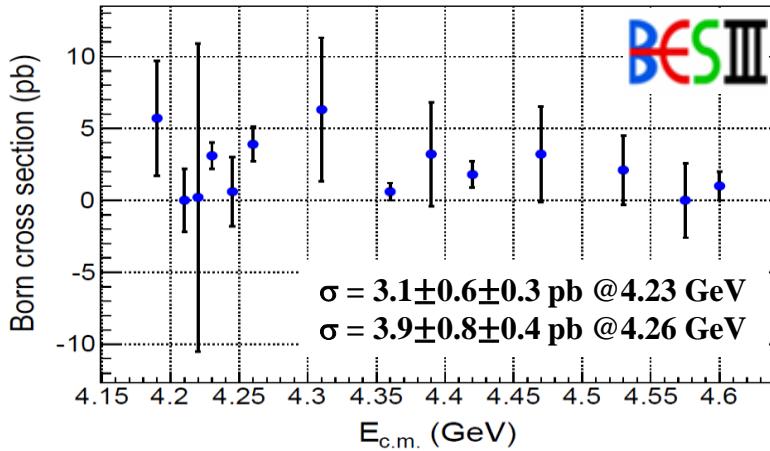
# Observation of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$



[PRD 91, 112005 \(2015\)](#)

- ✓ Agree with previous results with improved precision
  - ✓ Structure near 4.2 GeV:  $\psi(4160) \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$
- More data 4.10~4.20 GeV is needed!

# Observation of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta' J/\psi$



[BESIII Preliminary](#)

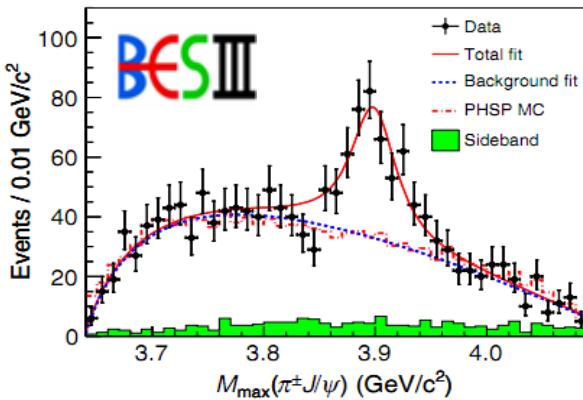
- ✓ First observation at  $\sqrt{s} = 4.23 \text{ & } 4.26 \text{ GeV}$ , cannot tell the line-shape due to statistics.
- ✓  $\sigma(\eta' J/\psi)$  is much lower than  $\sigma(\eta J/\psi)$ , in contradiction to the calculation in the framework of NRQCD ([PRD 89, 074006 \(2014\)](#)).

# Z<sub>c</sub> States

1. Z<sub>c</sub>(3900)<sup>±/0</sup> in e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup>→ππ<sup>±/0</sup> J/ψ
2. Z<sub>c</sub>(3900)<sup>±</sup> in e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup>→πωπ<sup>±</sup>
3. Z<sub>c</sub>(3885)<sup>±/0</sup> in e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup>→π(DD\*)<sup>±/0</sup>
4. Z<sub>c</sub>(4020)<sup>±/0</sup> in e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup>→ππ<sup>±/0</sup> h<sub>c</sub>
5. Z<sub>c</sub>(4025)<sup>±/0</sup> in e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup>→π(D\*D\*)<sup>±/0</sup>

# $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi Z_c(3900)^{\pm/0} \rightarrow \pi\pi^{\pm/0} J/\psi$

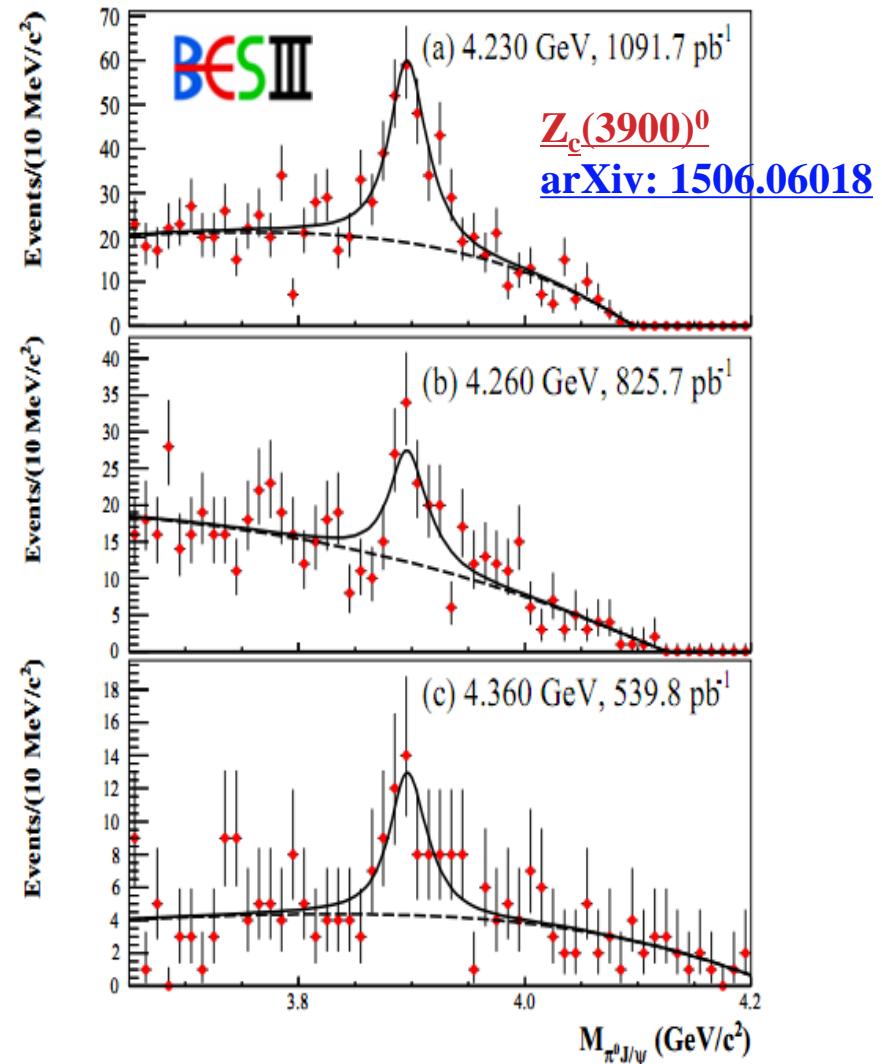
$Z_c(3900)^{\pm}$ : PRL 110, 252001 (2013)



- ✓  $Z_c(3900)^{\pm}$  observed by BESIII in 2013, well confirmed by Belle and CLEO-c.
- ✓  $Z_c(3900)^0$  evidence with  $3.7\sigma$  by CLEO-c, observed with  $>10\sigma$  by BESIII.

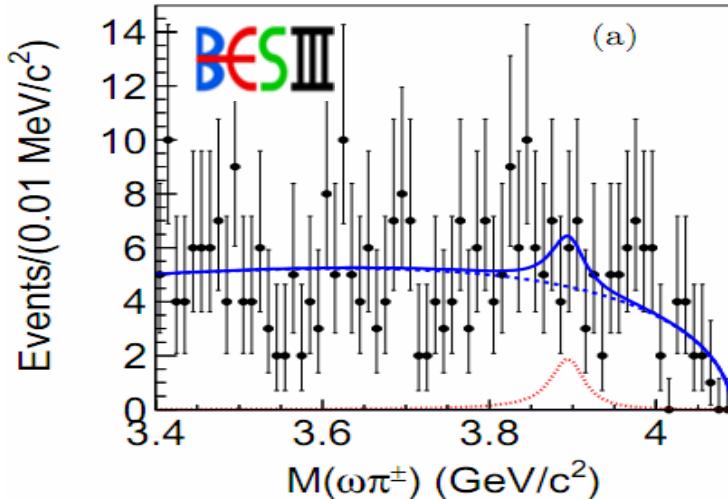
An iso-spin triplet  $Z_c(3900)$  established!

$Z_c(3900)$	Mass(MeV)	Width(MeV)
$Z_c(3900)^{\pm}$	$3899.0 \pm 3.6 \pm 4.9$	$46 \pm 10 \pm 20$
$Z_c(3900)^0$	$3894.8 \pm 2.3 \pm 2.7$	$29.6 \pm 8.2 \pm 8.2$



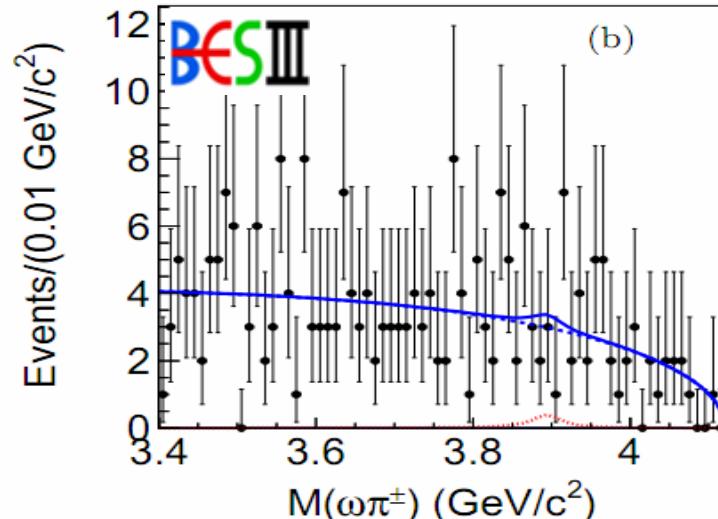
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi Z_c(3900)^\pm \rightarrow \pi\omega\pi^\pm$$

$e^+e^- @ 4.23\text{ GeV}$



[arXiv: 1507.02068](https://arxiv.org/abs/1507.02068)

$e^+e^- @ 4.26\text{ GeV}$



- ✓  $Z_c(3900)^+$ : mass close to  $DD^*$ -bar threshold

- Decays to  $J/\psi \rightarrow$  contains  $cc$ -bar
- Electric charge  $\rightarrow$  contains  $ud$ -bar
- A 4-quark particle??!

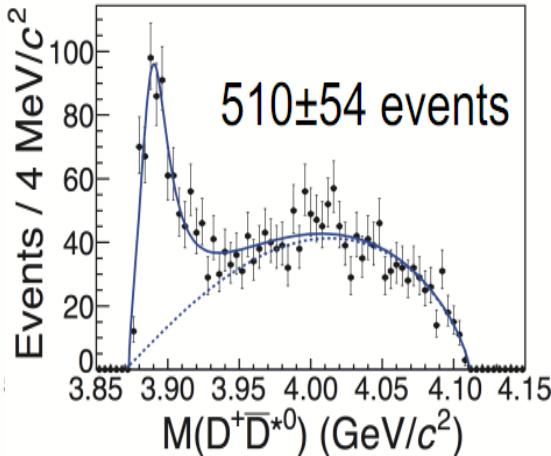
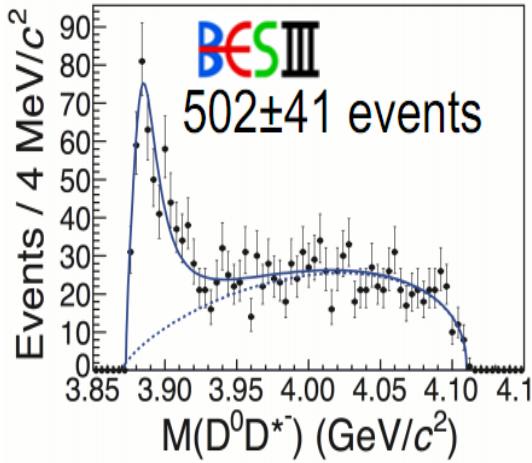
- ✓ Searching for new decay of  $Z_c(3900)$  can provide useful information on its internal structure.
- ✓ No significant  $Z_c \rightarrow \omega\pi$  is observed

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Z_c\pi, Z_c \rightarrow \omega\pi) < 0.26 \text{ pb} @ 4.23 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Z_c\pi, Z_c \rightarrow \omega\pi) < 0.18 \text{ pb} @ 4.26 \text{ GeV}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi Z_c(3885)^{\pm/0} \rightarrow \pi(D\bar{D}^*)^{\pm/0}$$

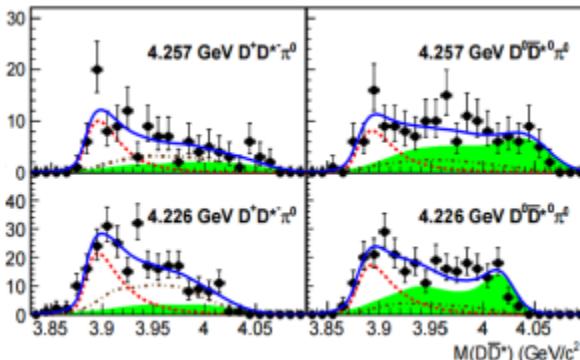
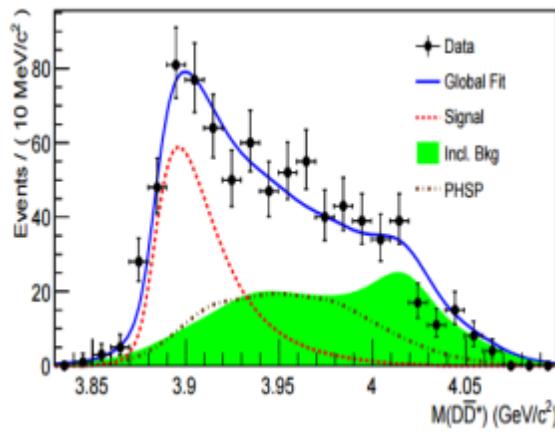
[PRL 112, 022001 \(2014\)](#)



- ✓ Enhancement at  $D\bar{D}^*$  threshold.
- ✓ Observed  $Z_c(3885)^{\pm/0}$   
mass and width close to  $Z_c(3900)$

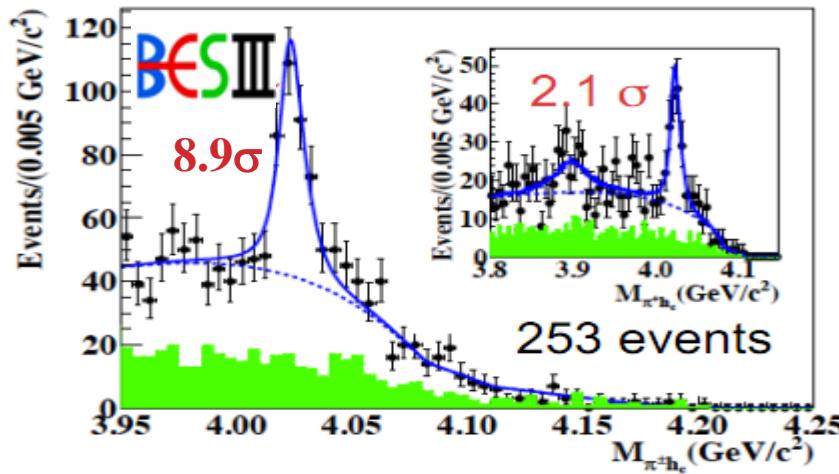
$Z_c(3885)$	Mass(MeV)	Width(MeV)
$Z_c(3885)^{\pm}$	$3883.9 \pm 1.5 \pm 4.2$	$24.8 \pm 3.3 \pm 11.0$
$Z_c(3885)^0$	$3885.7^{+4.3}_{-5.7} \pm 8.4$	$35^{+11}_{-12} \pm 15$

[BESIII Preliminary](#)



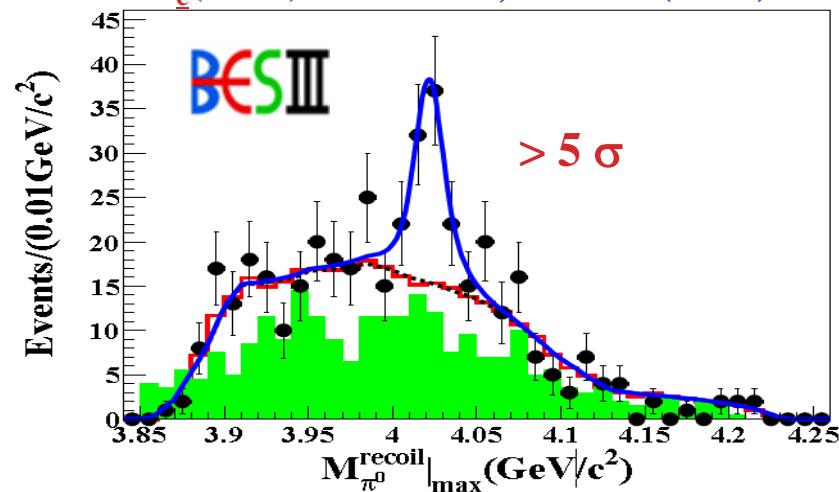
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi Z_c(4020)^{\pm/0} \rightarrow \pi\pi^{\pm/0} h_c$$

$Z_c(4020)^{\pm}$ : PRL 111, 242001 (2013)



- ✓  $Z_c(4020)^{\pm/0}$  observed !
- ✓ A weak evidence for  $Z_c(3900) \rightarrow \pi^\pm h_c$
- ✓  $Z_c(4020)$ , near the threshold of  $D^*\bar{D}^*$  bar

$Z_c(4020)^0$ : PRL 113, 212002 (2014)

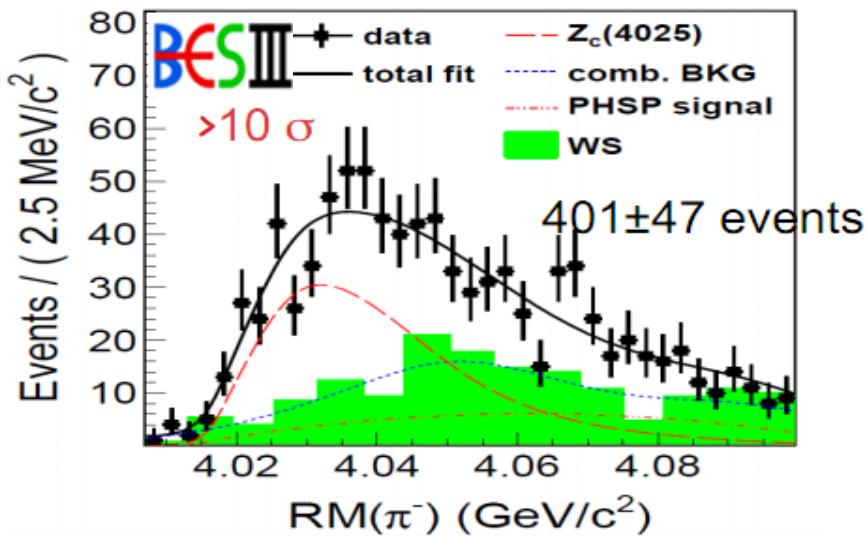


Another iso-spin triplet is established !

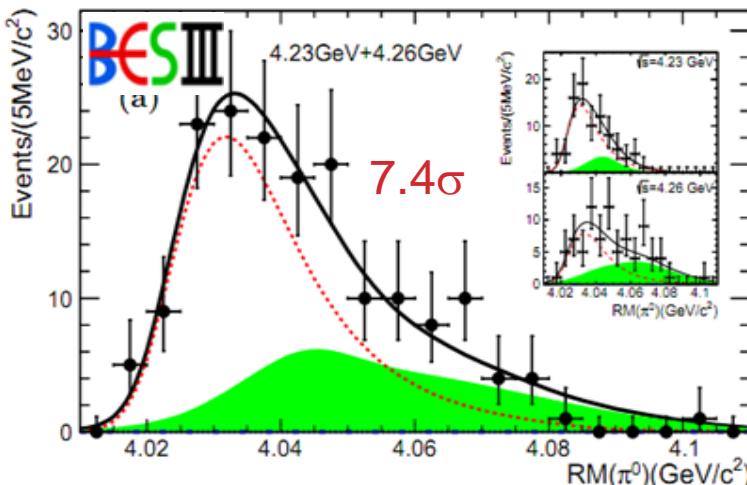
$Z_c(4020)$	Mass(MeV)	Width(MeV)
$Z_c(4020)^{\pm}$	$4022.9 \pm 0.8 \pm 2.7$	$7.9 \pm 2.7 \pm 2.6$
$Z_c(4020)^0$	$4023.8 \pm 2.2 \pm 3.8$	Fixed( $=7.9$ )

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi Z_c(4025)^{\pm/0} \rightarrow \pi(D^*\bar{D}^*)^{\pm/0}$$

$Z_c(4025)^{\pm}$  PRL 112, 132001 (2013)



$Z_c(4025)^0$  arXiv:1507.02404

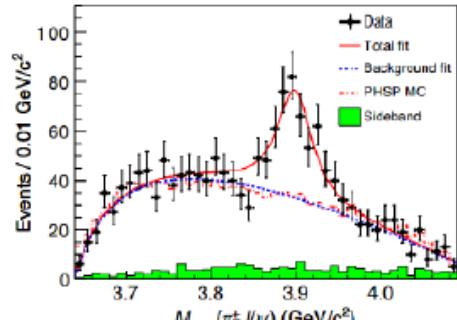


- ✓  $Z_c(4025)^{\pm/0}$  observed.
- ✓ The resonance parameters of  $Z_c(4020)$  and  $Z_c(4025)$  are consistent within  $1.5\sigma$ .
- ✓ Coupling to  $D^*\bar{D}^*$  is much larger than to  $\pi h_c$
- ✓ if  $Z_c(4025)$  and  $Z_c(4020)$  are the same states

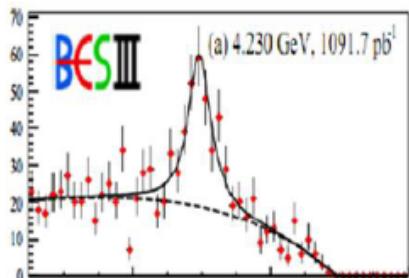
$$\frac{\Gamma(Z_c(4020) \rightarrow D^* \bar{D}^*)}{\Gamma(Z_c(4020) \rightarrow \pi h_c)} = 12 \pm 5$$

$Z_c(4025)$	Mass(MeV)	Width(MeV)
$Z_c(4025)^{\pm}$	$4026.3 \pm 2.6 \pm 3.7$	$24.8 \pm 5.6 \pm 7.7$
$Z_c(4025)^0$	$4025.5^{+2.0}_{-4.7} \pm 3.1$	$23.0 \pm 6.0 \pm 1.0$

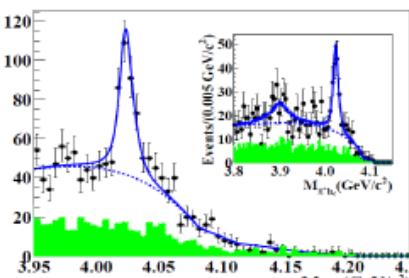
# Summary of Zc states



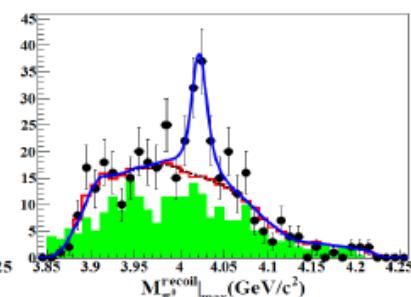
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- J/\psi$



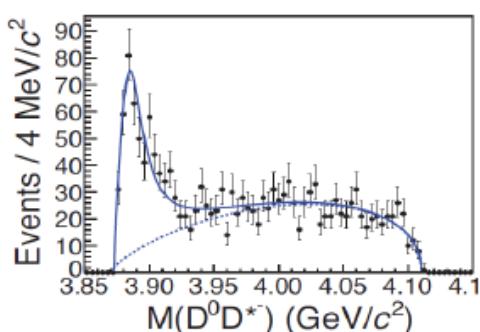
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0 J/\psi$



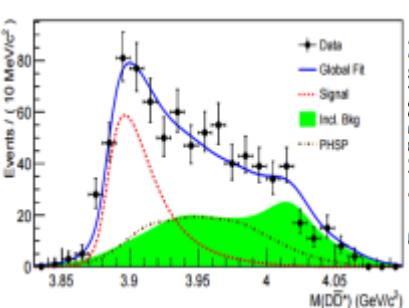
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- h_c$



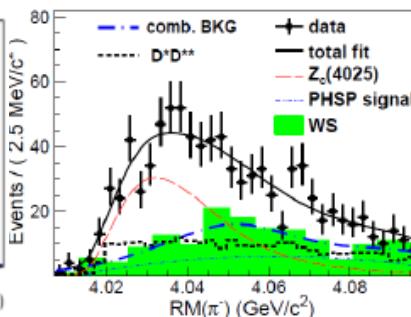
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0 h_c$



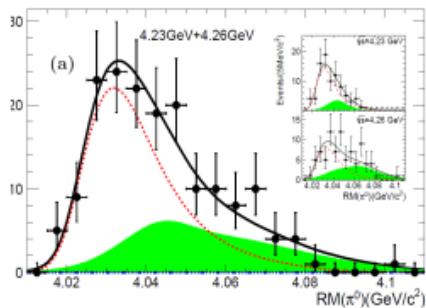
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^\pm(D^0\bar{D}^*)^{+/}$



$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0(D^0\bar{D}^*)^0$



$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^\pm(D^*\bar{D}^*)^{+/}$



$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0(D^*\bar{D}^*)^0$

$Z_c(3900)^\pm ?$

$Z_c(3900)^0 ?$

$Z_c(4020)^\pm ?$

$Z_c(4020)^0 ?$

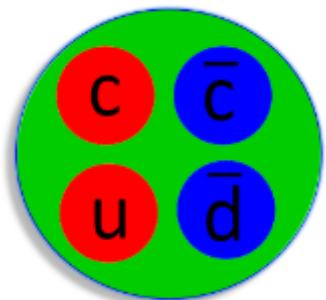
# Nature of $Z_c$ States

- ✓ At least 4 quarks, not a conventional meson

- ✓ Tetraquark state?

Phys. Rev. D87,125018(2013); Phys. Rev. D88, 074506(2013); →

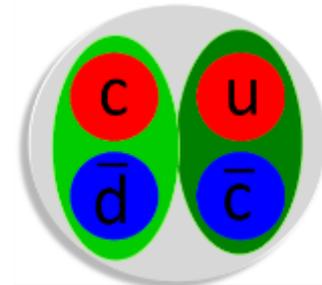
Phys. Rev. D89,054019(2014); Phys. Rev. D90,054009(2014); etc



- ✓  $D^{(*)}\bar{D}^{(*)}$  molecule state?

Phys. Rev. Lett. 111, 132003 (2013); Phys. Rev. D 89, 094026 (2014) →

Phys. Rev. D 89, 074029 (2014); Phys. Rev. D 88, 074506 (2013); etc



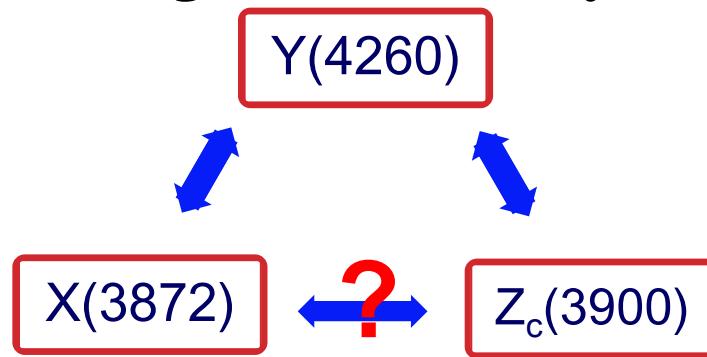
- ✓ Final States Interactions?

- ✓ ...

# Summary

- Lots of progress in charmonium-like studies at BESIII recently
- Observation of  $Z_c$  states
- X、Y、Z particles are correlated!
- Measurements of many hidden charm final states
- BESIII may continue data taking for XYZ study until 2020-2022.

Thanks!



# **BACKUP**

# Summary of $Z_c$ states at BESIII

State	Mass(MeV)	Width(MeV)	Decay mode	Process
$Z_c(3900)^{\pm}$	$3899.0 \pm 3.6 \pm 4.9$	$46 \pm 10 \pm 20$	$\pi^{\pm} J/\psi$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- J/\psi$
$Z_c(3900)^0$	$3894.8 \pm 2.3 \pm 2.7$	$29.6 \pm 8.2 \pm 8.2$	$\pi^0 J/\psi$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0 J/\psi$
$Z_c(3885)^{\pm}$	$3883.9 \pm 1.5 \pm 4.2$ [single D tag] $3884.3 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.5$ [double D tag]	$24.8 \pm 3.3 \pm 11.0$ [single D tag] $23.8 \pm 2.1 \pm 2.6$ [double D tag]	$D^0 D^{*-}$ $D^- D^{*0}$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ D^0 D^{*-}$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ D^- D^{*0}$
$Z_c(4020)^{\pm}$	$4022.9 \pm 0.8 \pm 2.7$	$7.9 \pm 2.7 \pm 2.6$	$\pi^{\pm} h_c$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- h_c$
$Z_c(4020)^0$	$4023.9 \pm 2.2 \pm 3.8$	fixed	$\pi^0 h_c$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0 h_c$
$Z_c(4025)^{\pm}$	$4026.3 \pm 2.6 \pm 3.7$	$24.8 \pm 5.6 \pm 7.7$	$D^{*0} D^{*-}$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+(D^* \bar{D}^*)^-$