

$$\gamma^{(*)}\gamma^{(*)}\rightarrow\pi^+\pi^- \text{ at BESIII}$$

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THE LOW-ENERGY FRONTIER  
OF THE STANDARD MODEL

EINN2013 parallel session  
“Photon-photon physics and its implications for the Muon's (g-2)”  
2013-10-29

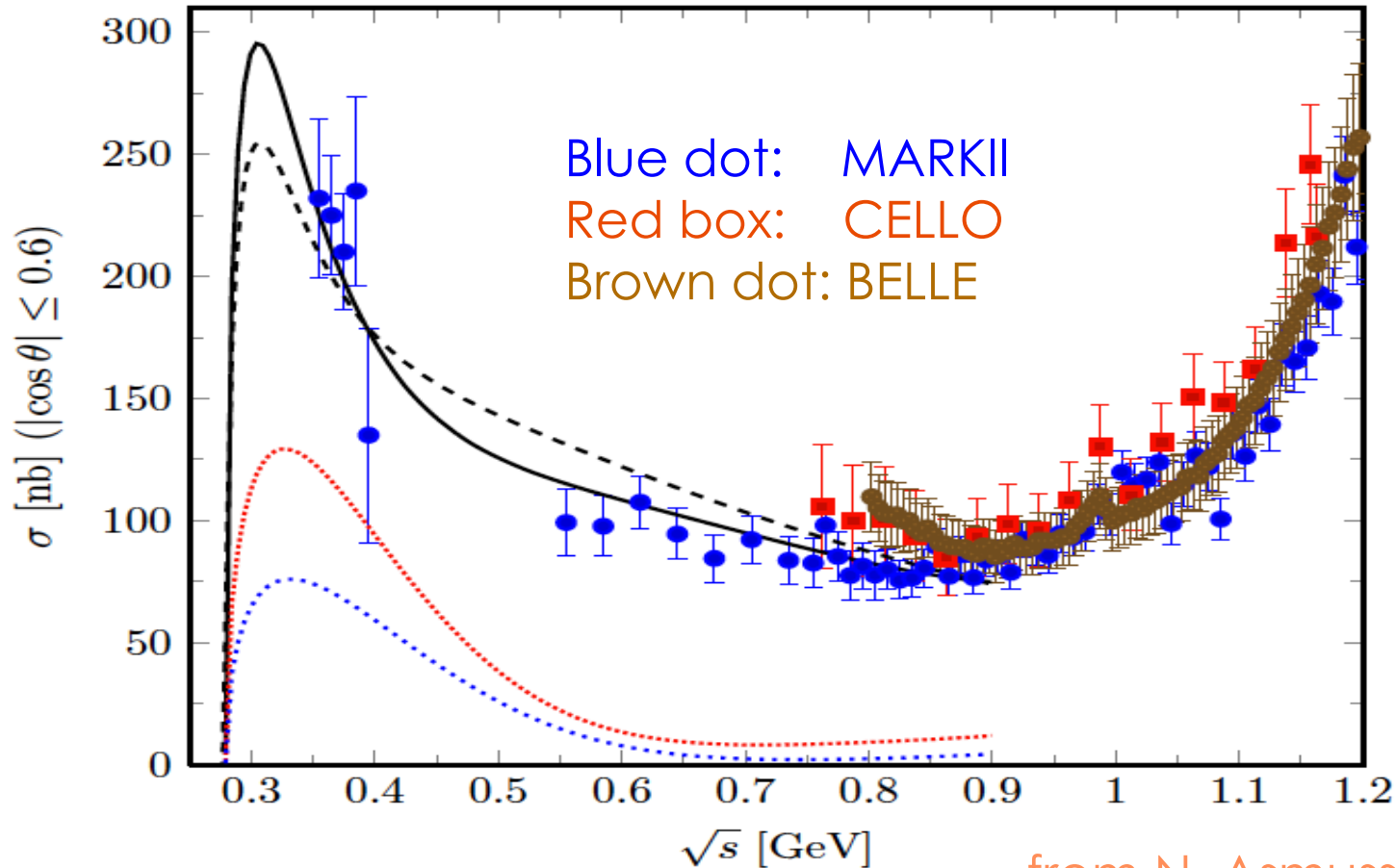
# Outline

- Motivation
- BESIII detector
- Possibility of  $\gamma^{(*)}\gamma^{(*)} \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  at BESIII
  - MC generator
  - Event selection
  - Expected accuracy
- Summary and outlook

# Motivation

- Physics at  $\gamma^{(*)}\gamma^{(*)}\rightarrow\pi^+\pi^-$  process
  - $\sigma(\gamma^{(*)}\gamma^*\rightarrow\pi^+\pi^-)$  as a function of  $Q^2 \rightarrow$  extract hadron form factor  $|F(Q_1^2, Q_2^2)|$ ,  $|F(Q_1^2, 0)|$ 
    - provide information to light-by-light scattering contribution to g-2
- $\sigma(\gamma\gamma\rightarrow\pi^+\pi^-)$ 
  - resonance parameter measurement
  - polarizabilities of pions, probe the structure of pion
  - previous measurements:
    - MarkII:  $209 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  @ 29 GeV cover W from 0.35 ~1.60 GeV [PRD42, 5, 1990]
    - BELLE:  $85.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  @ 10.52~10.58 GeV cover W from 0.8 ~1.5 GeV [PRD75, 051101(R), 2007]
    - CELLO:  $86 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  cover W from 0.75~1.9 GeV [Z.Phys.C56, 381, 1992]

# Theoretical expectation



from N. Asmussen (JGU)

Black line: untag

Red line: single tag  $Q_1^2 = 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$

Blue line: double tag  $Q_1^2 = Q_2^2 = 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$

# Method used in experimental

- double tag:
  - two leptons with non-zero  $Q^2$
  - tag the hadron products in the final states as well as both leptons
- single tag:
  - tag the hadron products in the final states and only one lepton
  - require the direction of the missing momentum to be at small angle,  $Q^2_{\text{untagged}} \approx 0$
- untag:
  - only tag the hadron products in the final states
  - require the  $p_T$ -balance of the hadron products,

# The BESIII detector

SC Magnet: 1 Tesla

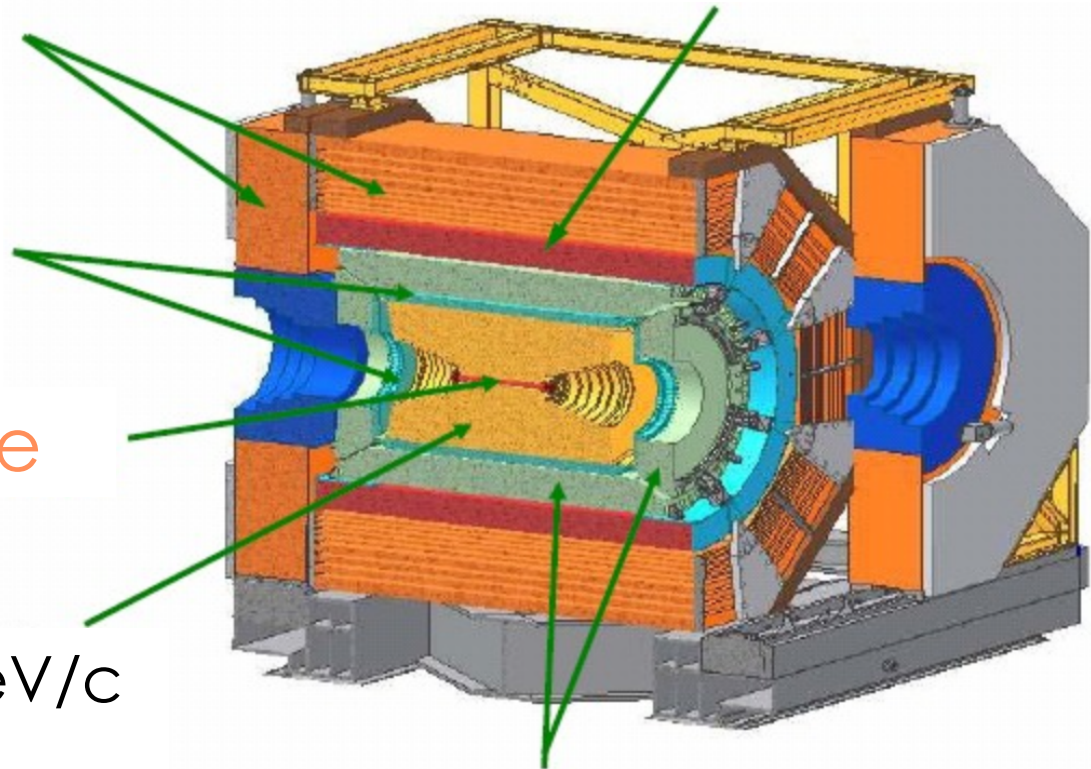
Magnet yoke

TOF: ( $\sigma_T$ )

Barrel: 80 ns

Endcap: 110 ns

Beam pipe



MDC:

$\sigma_p/p$ : 0.5% at 1 GeV/c

$\sigma_{xy}$ : 130  $\mu\text{m}$

$dE/dx$ : 6%

CsI calorimeter:

$\Delta E/E$ : 2.5% / 5.0% at 1 GeV;  $\sigma_z$ : 0.6 cm/ $\sqrt{E}$

# Data collected at BESIII

CMS	Previous data	BESIII data
J/ $\psi$	58 M (BESII)	1.2 B
$\psi(3686)$	28 M (CLEO)	0.5 B
$\psi(3770)$	0.8 fb <sup>-1</sup> (CLEO)	2.9 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$\psi(4040)/$ $Y(4260)/Y(4360)$	0.6 fb <sup>-1</sup> @ 4170 (CLEO)	0.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> @ 4009; 2.0 fb <sup>-1</sup> @ 4230+4260; 0.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> @ 4360; 50 pb <sup>-1</sup> @ other 10 scan energy points
R scan/ $\tau$ scan		25 pb <sup>-1</sup> $\tau$ scan; R scan @ 2230, 2400, 2800, 3400

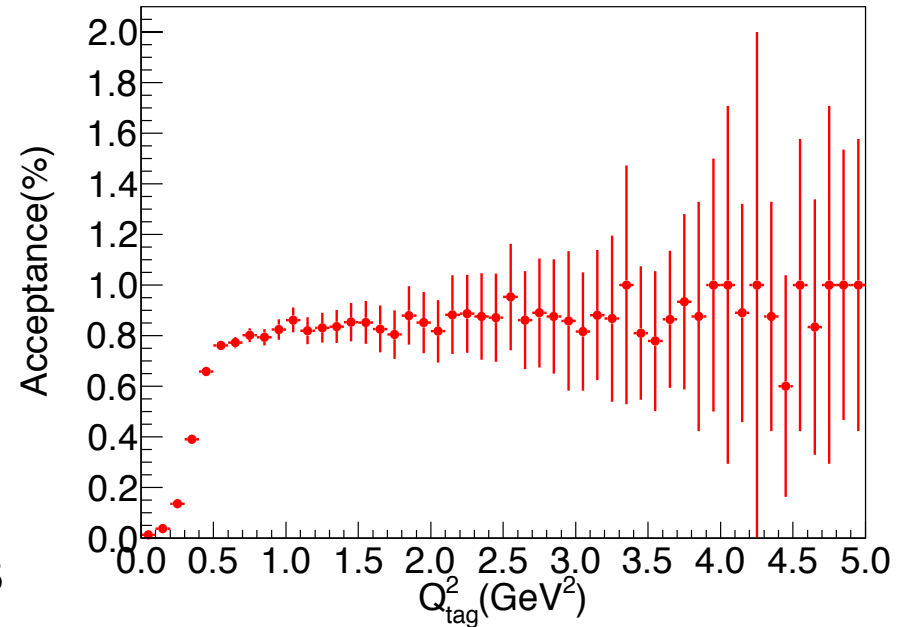
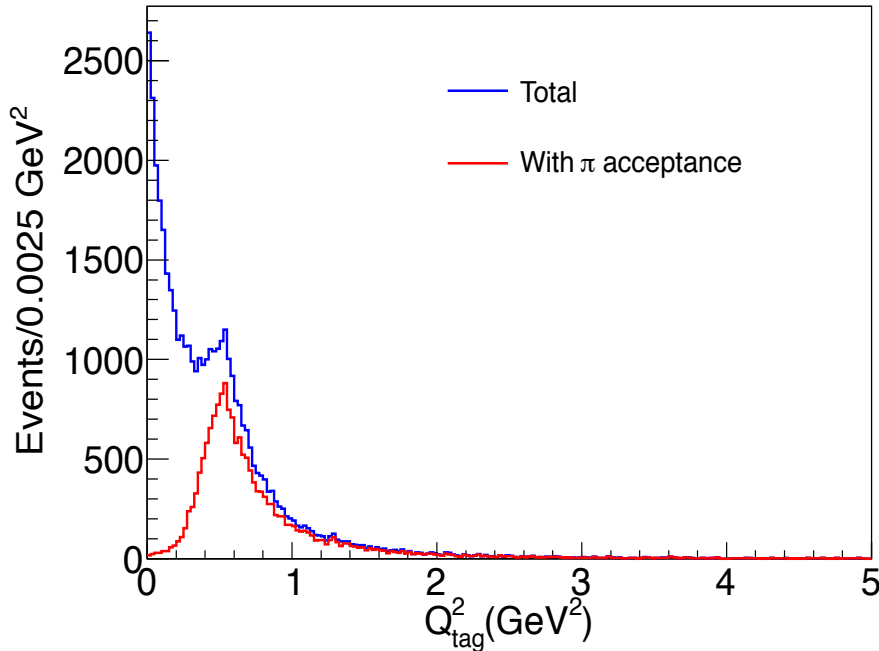
More data for R scan and high mass resonances in the coming run period

# Available two gamma generators

- **Galuga 2.0** (revised by V. Bytev and A. Zhemchugovz (JINR))
  - based on improved equivalent photon approximation (EPA) approach
  - modified to include charged and neutral pion pair and kaon pair production based on ChPT prediction
- **EKHARA** (by H. Czyz and S. Ivashyn).
  - good description for the pseudoscalar final states
  - include pion pair production soon
- **BesTwogam**
  - inclusive generator, can be used to estimate background process, need further tests



# Acceptance at BESIII



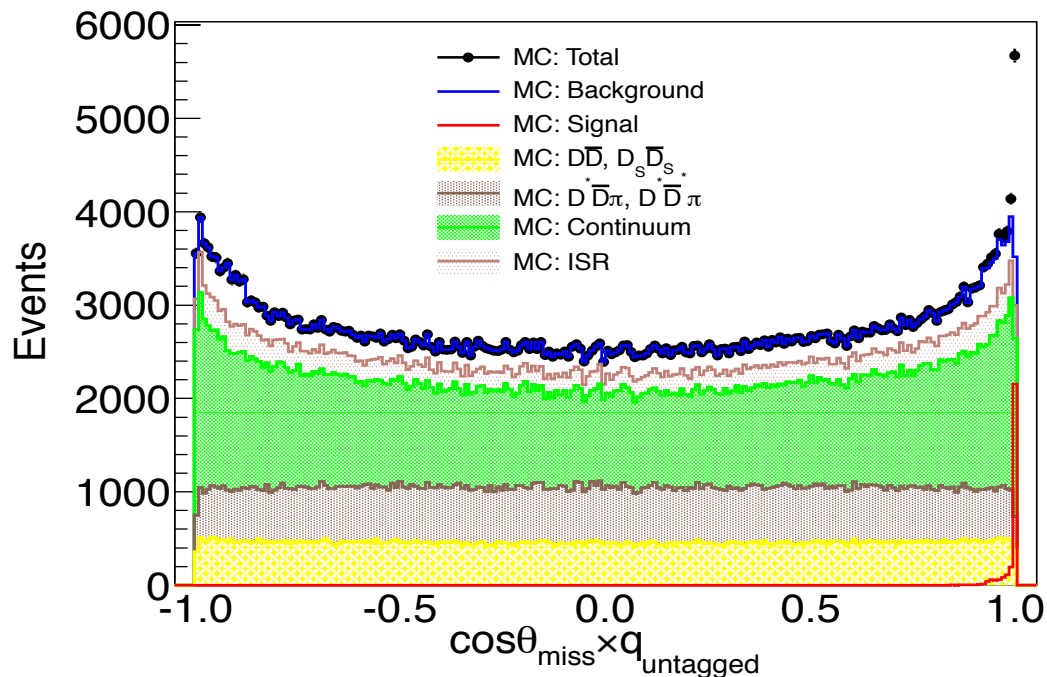
- $\sqrt{s} = 4230$  MeV, events not scaled
- Truth information with or without acceptance requirement
- Possible resonance not included in the generator
- High acceptance above  $0.5$  GeV<sup>2</sup>

# Selection study

- Signal MC: Galuga 2.0
- Background MC: 500 pb<sup>-1</sup> at 4260 MeV
  - QED events:  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(\gamma)$ ,  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-(\gamma)$ , etc.
  - ISR processes:  $J/\psi$ ,  $\psi(3686)$ ,  $\psi(3770)$ ,  $\psi(4040)$
  - Hadronic final states;
  - Continuum;
- Basic event selection
  - Three charged tracks
  - Use dE/dx and TOF information to identify pions
  - Two pions with opposite charge
  - No requirement on photon

# Selection study

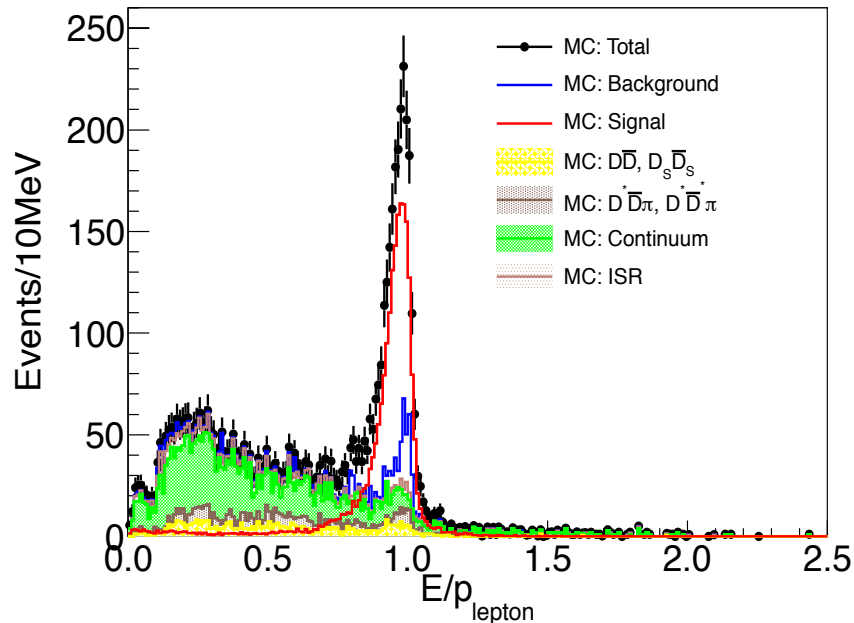
- Low  $Q^2$  for the untagged lepton
  - reconstructed using 4-momentum conservation
  - cut on the angular distribution of the missing momentum



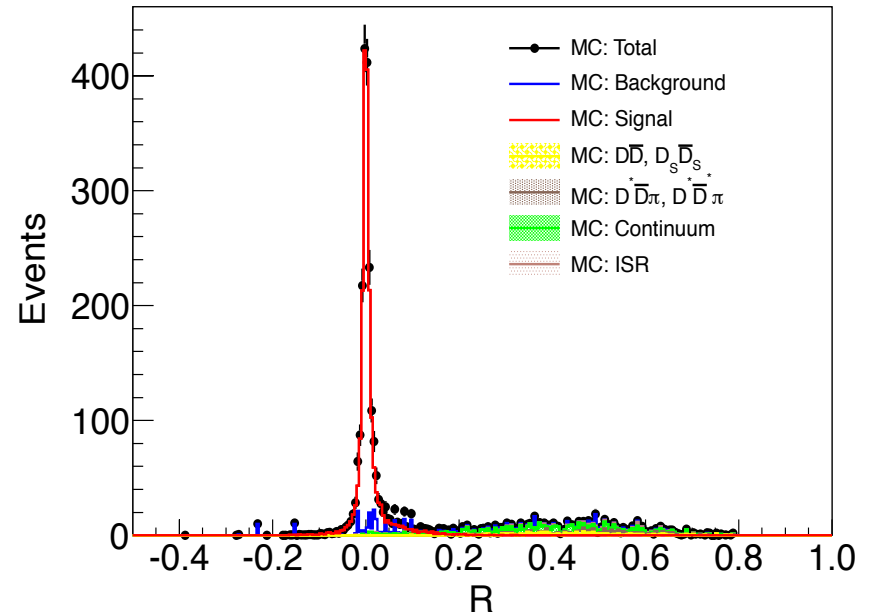
- cut:
  - $\cos\theta_{\text{miss}} > 0.99$
- efficiency loss about 20%
- Background suppress two orders of magnitude

# Selection study

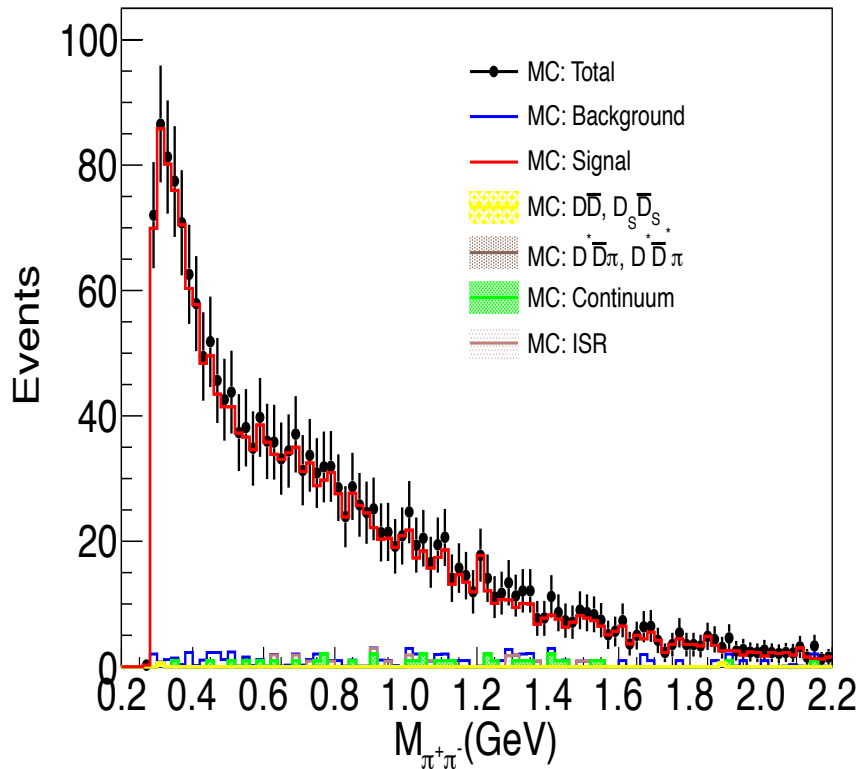
- Tagged lepton
  - $E/p > 0.8$
  - efficiency lost about 15%
  - background rejected 69%



- R distribution
  - $R = (\sqrt{s} - E_{\pi\pi e} - P_{\pi\pi e}) / \sqrt{s} < 0.15$
  - useful to further reject ISR events and events with hadronic final states



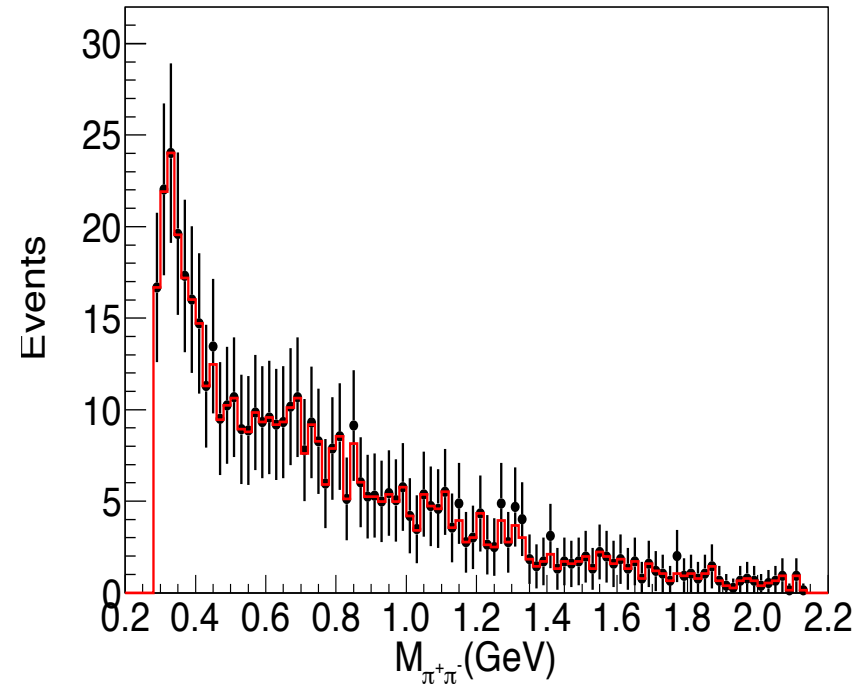
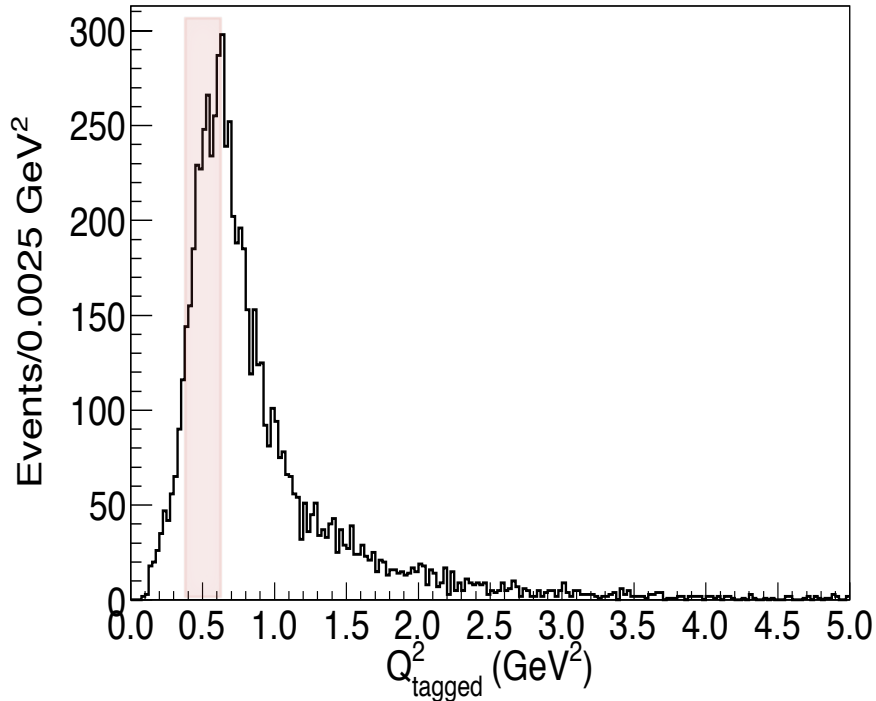
# Events after selection



- Background level: 10%
- Main background:
  - Bhabha events
    - larger MC sample
    - better MC generator
  - Dimu events
    - add selection to separate  $\pi/\mu$
  - continuum events
- Potential background:
  - $\gamma\gamma$  process,  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ ,  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

- 13,000 events generated @ 4230 for  $L_{\text{int}} = 500 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- Efficiency about 15% after selection

# $M_{\pi\pi}$ distribution at $Q^2=0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$



- 500 signal events at  $500 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  4230 data
- provide information in low  $W$  region and low  $Q^2$

# Summary and outlook

- Study of  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi\pi$  just started at BESIII
  - start with single tag method
  - $Q^2$  from 0.3 to 3.0  $\text{GeV}^2$
  - cross section at low  $M_{\pi\pi}$  mass region available (from 0.3 GeV)
  - currently: signal MC generator test and background study
- Plan
  - finalize event selection and look at data
  - extract cross section and form factor

**THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!**